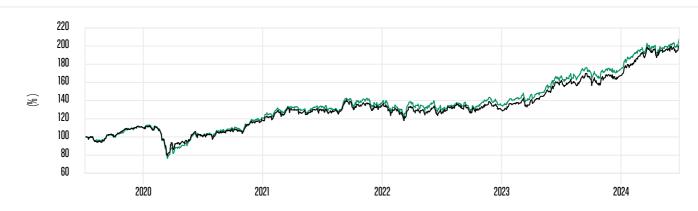
# **DASHBOARD** AS AT 28.06.2024

Asset Class	Official Benchmark	No. of Holdings	Fund Size (JPY millions)
Equity	Topix (RI)	60	40,027
Risk Indicator	YTD Performance (1)	3-year Annualised Perf. (2)	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	<b>19.42</b> % Benchmark 20.14 %	<b>16.19 %</b> Benchmark 15.91 %	

<sup>(1)</sup> All figures net of fees (in JPY). (2) Based on 365 days

# PERFORMANCE (CUMULATIVE OVER 5 YEARS) (IPY) (NET)



## Cumulated Performance at 28.06.2024 (%)

	YTD	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	4 Years	5 Years
• FUND	19.42	3.05	3.57	19.42	25.40	59.68	56.75	105.13	110.89
BENCHMARK	20.14	1.45	2.35	20.14	25.59	57.85	55.61	98.16	104.31

## Calendar Performance at 28.06.2024 (%)

•	( )									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
• FUND	28.86	-1.25	13.14	9.43	18.65	-22.80	25.50	-6.40	9.30	2.40
<ul><li>BENCHMARK</li></ul>	28.26	-2.45	12.74	7.39	18.12	-16.00	22.20	0.30	12.10	10.30

(1) All figures net of fees (in JPY). The value of your investments may fluctuate. Past performance is no guarantee for future results. Source: BNP Paribas Asset Management



# **HOLDINGS**: % OF PORTFOLIO

Main Holdings (%)		by Sector (%)	
TOYOTA MOTOR CORP	6.53	Industrials	23.59
MITSUBISHI UFJ FINANCIAL GROUP	5.24	Consumer discretionary	20.35
HITACHI LTD	4.80	Information technology	13.49
TOYOTA TSUSHO CORP	3.98	Financials	12.74
TOKYO ELECTRON LTD	2.83	Materials	6.42
RENESAS ELECTRONICS CORP	2.76	Communication services	6.37
FOOD & LIFE COMPANIES LTD	2.58	Consumer staples	5.75
RESONA HOLDINGS INC	2.50	Health care	3.35
SONY GROUP CORP	2.49	Real estate	3.17
SWCC CORP	2.42	Energy	1.43
No. of Holdings in Portfolio	60	Forex contracts	0.87
		Other	0.73
		Cash	1.73
		Total	100.00

Source of data: BNP Paribas Asset Management, as at 28.06.2024

The above mentioned securities are for illustrative purpose only and do not constitute any investment recommendation. The data as shown in the factsheets are based on official accounting data and are based on trade date.



ESG global score 58.17

## SUSTAINABLE INDICATORS

## **ESG CONTRIBUTION**

	Environmental contrib.	Social contrib.	Governance contrib.
Portfolio	4.73	3.61	-0.18
Benchmark	2.31	1.33	-1.67

## CARBON FOOTPRINT PORTFOLIO COVERAGE

	T/Co2 per M€ per year		Coverage rate
Portfolio	58.66	ESG coverage	92.57 %
Benchmark	81.68	Carbon footprint coverage	95.04 %

## Total ESG score

BNPP AM's internal ESG scoring methodology determines an issuer's ESG score by evaluating performance vs. scoring peers on a narrow set of key ESG issues related to the environment (e.g. climate change), social issues (e.g. human resources management) and governance (e.g. independence and competence of directors). BNPP AM uses numerous research inputs and data sources (e.g. Sustainalytic, ISS & Trucost) to determine issuers' ESG scores. If the issuer's commitments and practices on a pillar of assessment (E,S or G) is better than scoring peers, it will receive a positive 'contribution' for this pillar. Each issuer is assigned a final score from 1 to 99 which is the result of 50 as a reference plus the sum of the contributions from each of the three pillars.

## **ESG Contribution**

The ESG contributions are determined by BNP Paribas Asset Management's ESG analysts on the basis of detailed criteria to systematically evaluate companies' commitments and practices in the areas of environmental, social and governance. Each of the above contributions at the portfolio level, is the weighted average of the contributions of the individual portfolio holdings.Environmental Contribution (E) takes into account, among other things, climate change, environmental risk management, and the use of natural resources. Social Contribution (S) takes into account, among other things, human capital management, the quality of social dialogue, and the respect of diversity. Governance Contribution (G) takes into account, among other things, the transparency on executive compensation, the fight against corruption, and gender equality.

## **Carbon footprint**

The portfolio or benchmark carbon footprint is the sum of companies' carbon emissions divided by companies' Enterprise Value multiplied by the weight of companies in the portfolio or the benchmark. Carbon emissions are the sum of Scope 1 emissions (direct emission from the company's facilities) & Scope 2 emissions (indirect emissions linked to the company's energy consumption). Carbon data provider is Trucost. The footprint is expressed in tons of CO2 equivalent per year and per million euros invested. Enterprise Value (EV) is the measure of a company's total value. It is calculated by adding the market capitalization and the financial debt of a company.

The coverage represents, within a portfolio or benchmark or ESG benchmark, the percentage of securities that have an ESG score or carbon footprint within those that are eligible to have an ESG score or carbon footprint using BNPP AM's internal methodology. Non-eligible securities include, but are not limited to cash, external funds.

more information on ESG indicators, please refer to BNPP AM's webpage : https://www.bnpparibas-am.com/en/esg-scoring-framework/ https://www.bnpparibas-am.com/en/measuring-carbon-footprints/

For more detailed information on our sustainability documents, please refer to BNPP AM's webpage: https://www.bnpparibas-am.com/en/sustainability-documents/



## RISK

# The risk and reward indicator for this fund is: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Lower risk typically=lower reward 1: lowest risk; 7: highest risk; SRRI: Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator. The higher the risk, the longer the investment horizon is recommended

Risk Analysis (3 years, monthly)	Fund
Volatility	11.16
Ex-post Tracking Error	3.14
Information Ratio	0.09
Sharpe Ratio	1.45
Alpha	1.29
Beta	0.93
R <sup>2</sup>	0.92

Codes

The investments in the funds are subject to market fluctuations and the risks inherent in investments in securities. The value of investments and the income they generate may go down as well as up and it is possible that investors will not recover their initial outlay, the fund described being at risk of capital loss.

Why is the Fund in this specific category?

The risk category is justified by the investment mainly in Stocks and Shares, the value of which can fluctuate considerably. These fluctuations are often amplified in the short term.

## This fund may be exposed to other risks, listed below:

■ Operational risk: in the event of an operational breakdown within the management company, one of its representatives or the depositary, investors could face various disruptions (late payment, delivery etc.).

Key Figures (JPY)

## **DETAILS**

Fees

1 003		Rey Figures (JFT)		Codes	
Maximum Subscription Fee	3.00%	NAV	216,850.00	ISIN Code	LU0111445861
Maximum Redemption Fee	0.00%	12M NAV max. (28.06.24)	216,850.00	Bloomberg Code	PARJQPV LX
Maximum conversion Fees	1.50%	12M NAV min. (12.07.23)	168,086.00		
Real Ongoing Charges (31.12.23)	1.09%	Fund Size (JPY millions)	40,026.89		
Maximum Management Fees	0.75%	Initial NAV	64,901.00		
		Periodicity of NAV Calculation	Daily		
Characteristics					
Legal form		Sub-fund of SICAV BNP PARIBAS	FUNDS Luxembo	ourg domicile	
Dealing Deadline		16:00 CET STP (12:00 CET NON	STP)		
Recommended Investment Horizon		6			
Benchmark		Topix (RI)			
Domicile		Luxembourg			
Launch Date		02.11.2001			
Fund Manager(s)		External PM Mitsubishi UFJ Kok	kusai AM		
Management Company		BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEME	NT Luxembourg		
Delegated Manager		BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEME	ENT UK Limited		
Delegated Manager		Mitsubishi UFJ Kokusai Asset Ma	ınagement		
Custodian		BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Brand	ch		
Base Currency		JPY			
Subscription/execution type		NAV + 1			
SFDR article		Article 8 - Promotion of environ	mental or social	characteristics	





## **GLOSSARY**

## Alpha

Alpha is an indicator used to measure the value added by an active portfolio manager relative to a passive exposure to a benchmark. A positive alpha expresses an outperformance whereas a negative alpha indicates an underperformance. A simple way to calculate alpha is to subtract a portfolio's expected return (based on the benchmark's performance adjusted with the beta of the portfolio, see Beta definition for further details). For instance, an alpha of 0.50 means that the portfolio outperformed the market-based return (benchmark's performance adjusted from the Beta exposure of the portfolio) by 0.50%.

## Beta

Beta is a measure of portfolio market risk, the market being represented by financial indices (such as MSCI World) that are consistent with the portfolio's guidelines. It measures the sensitivity of portfolio performance to the performance of the market. For example a beta of 1.5 means the portfolio will move by 1.5% for a market performance of 1%. Mathematically, it is the correlation between the portfolio and the market multiplied by their ratio of volatilities.

## Information Ratio

The information ratio is a risk-adjusted return that measures the relationship between the portfolio's tracking error and its relative return compared with the benchmark index (called active return).

## $R^2$

The Correlation Coefficient indicates the strength and direction of a linear relationship between fund performance and benchmark. The coefficient is an element of [-1,1], where 1 equals a perfectly correlated increasing linear relationship, -1 equals a perfectly correlated decreasing linear relationship, and 0 means that there is no linear correlation.

## Sharpe Ratio

A measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It indicates the return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of risk. It is calculated by dividing the difference between the return and the risk-free rate by the standard deviation of the return on the investment. The Sharpe ratio indicates whether the excess return was obtained thanks to good investment management or by taking additional risk. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted return.

## **Tracking Error**

The tracking error measures the volatility of a portfolio's relative return in relation to its benchmark index.

## Volatility

An asset's volatility is the standard deviation of its return. As a measure of dispersion, it evaluates the uncertainty of asset prices, which is often equated to their risk. Volatility can be calculated ex post (retrospectively) or estimated ex ante (anticipatively).

A glossary of financial terms appearing on this document can be found at http://www.bnpparibas-am.com

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