

C WorldWide Global Equity Trust

Product Disclosure Statement

ARSN 087 585 368
APIR ARO0006AU
Issue Date 21 November 2018



BNP PARIBAS
ASSET MANAGEMENT

About this PDS

This Product Disclosure Statement ("PDS") has been prepared and issued by Equity Trustees Limited ("Equity Trustees", "we" or "Responsible Entity") and is a summary of the significant information relating to an investment in the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust (the "Trust"). It contains a number of references to important information (including a glossary of terms) contained in the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust Reference Guide ("Reference Guide"), which forms part of this PDS. You should carefully read and consider both the information in this PDS, and the information in the Reference Guide, before making a decision about investing in the Trust.

The information provided in this PDS is general information only and does not take account of your personal objectives, financial situation or needs. You should obtain financial and taxation advice tailored to your personal circumstances and consider whether investing in the Trust is appropriate for you in light of those circumstances.

The offer to which this PDS relates is only available to persons receiving this PDS in Australia and New Zealand (electronically or otherwise). New Zealand investors must read the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust New Zealand Investor Information Sheet before investing in the Trust. All references to dollars or "\$" in this PDS are to Australian dollars. New Zealand investors wishing to invest in the Trust should be aware that there may be different tax implications of investing in the Trust and should seek their own tax advice as necessary.

This PDS does not constitute a direct or indirect offer of securities in the US or to any US Person as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933 as amended ("US Securities Act"). Equity Trustees may vary this position and offers may be accepted on merit at Equity Trustees' discretion. The units in the Trust have not been, and will not be, registered under the US Securities Act unless otherwise approved by Equity Trustees and may not be offered or sold in the US to, or for, the account of any US Person (as defined in the Reference Guide) except in a transaction that is exempt from the registration requirements of the US Securities Act and applicable US state securities laws.

The Reference Guide

Throughout the PDS, there are references to additional information contained in the Reference Guide. You can obtain a copy of the PDS and the Reference Guide, free of charge, by visiting www.eqt.com.au/insto or www.bnpparibas-am.com.au or request a copy by calling BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited on 1800 267 726 (Australia) or +612 9619 6041 or by calling the Responsible Entity.

The information contained in the Reference Guide may change between the day you receive this PDS and the day you acquire the product. You must therefore ensure that you have read the Reference Guide current as at the date of your application.

Updated information

Information in this PDS is subject to change. We will notify you of any changes that have a material adverse impact on you or other significant events that affect the information contained in this PDS. Any information that is not materially adverse information is subject to change from time to time and may be obtained by visiting www.eqt.com.au/insto or www.bnpparibas-am.com.au or request a copy by calling BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited on 1800 267 726 (Australia) or +612 9619 6041. A paper copy of the updated information will be provided free of charge on request.

Contents

1. About Equity Trustees Limited
2. How the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust works
3. Benefits of investing in the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust
4. Risks of managed investment schemes
5. How we invest your money
6. Fees and costs
7. How managed investment schemes are taxed
8. How to apply
9. Other information

Investment Manager
BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT
Australia Limited
ABN 78 008 576 449, AFSL 223418
GPO Box 269, Sydney NSW 2001

Client Services
BNP Paribas Asset Management
Ph: 1800 267 726 (Australia)
or +612 9619 6041
Fax: +612 9006 9051
Email: AMAU.ClientService@bnpparibas.com
Web: www.bnpparibas-am.com.au

Responsible Entity
Equity Trustees Limited
ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975
GPO Box 2307, Melbourne VIC 3001
Ph: +613 8623 5000
Web: www.eqt.com.au/insto

Delegated Investment Manager
C WorldWide Asset Management
Fondsmæglerselskab A/S

1. About Equity Trustees Limited

The Responsible Entity

Equity Trustees Limited

Equity Trustees Limited ABN 46 004 031 298 AFSL 240975, a subsidiary of EQT Holdings Limited ABN 22 607 797 615, which is a public company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: EQT), is the Trust's responsible entity and issuer of this PDS. Established as a trustee and executorial service provider by a special Act of the Victorian Parliament in 1888, today Equity Trustees is a dynamic financial services institution which continues to grow the breadth and quality of products and services on offer.

Equity Trustees' responsibilities and obligations as the Trust's responsible entity are governed by the Trust's constitution ("Constitution"), the Corporations Act and general trust law. Equity Trustees has appointed BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited as the Investment Manager of the Trust. Equity Trustees has appointed a custodian to hold the assets of the Trust. The custodian has no supervisory role in relation to the operation of the Trust and is not responsible for protecting your interests.

The Investment Manager

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited ("BNP Paribas Asset Management" or "BNPP AM"), the Australian asset management business line of BNP Paribas SA, is the Investment Manager of the Trust. BNP Paribas SA is a listed company with a market capitalisation of EUR 77.7 billion as at 31 December 2017.

In Australia, BNP Paribas Asset Management distributes for a range of Australian and international investment managers, including C WorldWide Asset Management Fondsmæglerselskab A/S ("C WorldWide Asset Management", "CWW" or the "Delegated Investment Manager"). BNP Paribas Asset Management has subcontracted the investment management of the Trust to C WorldWide Asset Management.

The Delegated Investment Manager

C WorldWide Asset Management Fondsmæglerselskab A/S

C WorldWide Asset Management is a Danish based global equity Investment Manager, founded in 1986. Formerly named Carnegie Asset Management, C WorldWide Asset Management is a part of the CAM Group, which is approximately 80% owned by Altor Fund III, a private equity fund, and approximately 20% owned by the employees. C WorldWide Asset Management is a focused and independent asset manager. With assets under management of AUD 27.5 billion as at 31 August 2018, the majority of which is invested in global equities, their objective is to deliver consistent, long-term asset growth for their clients.

C WorldWide Asset Management has an alliance with BNP Paribas Asset Management whereby BNPP AM has the exclusive right to distribute C WorldWide Asset Management's global equity products in Australia and New Zealand.

2. How the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust works

The Trust is a registered managed investment scheme governed by the Constitution. The Trust comprises assets which are acquired in accordance with the Trust's investment strategy. Direct investors receive units in the Trust when they invest. In general, each unit represents an equal interest in the assets of the Trust subject to liabilities; however, it does not give investors an interest in any particular asset of the Trust.

If you invest in the Trust through an IDPS (as defined in the Reference Guide) you will not become an investor in the Trust. The operator or custodian of the IDPS will be the investor entered in the Trust's register and will be the only person who is able to exercise the rights and receive the benefits of a direct investor. Your investment in the Trust through the IDPS will be governed by the terms of your IDPS. Please direct any queries and requests relating to your investment to your IDPS Operator. Unless otherwise stated, the information in the PDS applies to direct investors.

Applying for units

You can acquire units by completing the Application Form that accompanies this PDS. The minimum initial investment amount for the Trust is \$25,000.

Completed Application Forms should be sent along with your identification documents (if applicable) to:

BNP Paribas Asset Management
GPO Box 804
Melbourne, VIC, 3001

Please note that cash and cheques cannot be accepted.

We reserve the right to accept or reject applications in whole or in part at our discretion. We have the discretion to delay processing applications where we believe this to be in the best interest of the Trust's investors.

The price at which units are acquired is determined in accordance with the Constitution ("Application Price"). The Application Price on a Business Day is, in general terms, equal to the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Trust, divided by the number of units on issue and adjusted for transaction costs ("Buy Spread"). At the date of this PDS, the Buy Spread is 0.30%.

The Application Price will vary as the market value of assets in the Trust rises or falls.

Making additional investments

You can make additional investments into the Trust at any time by sending us your additional investment amount together with a completed Additional Investment Form. There is no minimum additional investment into the Trust.

Distributions

An investor's share of any distributable income is calculated in accordance with the Constitution and is generally based on the number of units held by the investor at the end of the distribution period.

The Trust usually distributes income annually at 30 June. Distributions are calculated effective the last day of each distribution period and are normally paid to investors as soon as practicable after the distribution calculation date.

Investors in the Trust can indicate a preference to have their distribution:

- reinvested back into the Trust; or
- directly credited to their Australian domiciled bank account.

Investors who do not indicate a preference will have their distributions automatically reinvested. Applications for reinvestment will be taken to be received immediately prior to the next Business Day after the relevant distribution period. There is no Buy Spread on distributions that are reinvested.

In some circumstances, the Constitution may allow for an investor's withdrawal proceeds to be taken to include a component of distributable income.

Indirect Investors should review their IDPS guide for information on how and when they receive any income distribution.

New Zealand investors can only have their distribution directly credited if an AUD Australian domiciled bank account is provided, otherwise it must be reinvested (refer to the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust New Zealand Investor Information Sheet for further information).

Access to your money

Investors in the Trust can generally withdraw their investment by completing a written request to withdraw from the Trust and mailing it to:

BNP Paribas Asset Management
GPO Box 804
Melbourne, VIC, 3001

Or sending it by email to bnppam.transactions@onevue.com.au
or sending it by fax to +612 8244 1918

The minimum withdrawal amount is \$50. Once we receive and accept your withdrawal request, we may act on your instruction without further enquiry if the instruction bears your account number or investor details and your (apparent) signature(s), or your authorised signatory's (apparent) signature(s).

Equity Trustees will generally allow an investor to access their investment within 3 days of acceptance of a withdrawal request by transferring the withdrawal proceeds to such investors' nominated bank account. However, Equity Trustees is allowed to reject withdrawal requests, and also to make payment up to 30 days after acceptance of a request (which may be extended in certain circumstances) as outlined in the Constitution and Reference Guide.

We reserve the right to accept or reject withdrawal requests in whole or in part at our discretion.

The price at which units are withdrawn is determined in accordance with the Constitution ("Withdrawal Price"). The Withdrawal Price on a Business Day is, in general terms, equal to the NAV of the Trust, divided by the number of units on issue and adjusted for transaction costs ("Sell Spread"). At the date of this PDS, the Sell Spread is 0.30%.

The Withdrawal Price will vary as the market value of assets in the Trust rises or falls.

Equity Trustees reserves the right to fully redeem your investment if your investment balance in the Trust falls below \$25,000 as a result of processing your withdrawal request. We also reserve the right to fully withdraw your investment if your investment balance in the Trust is less than \$25,000. In certain circumstances, for example, when there is a freeze on withdrawals, where accepting a withdrawal is not in the best interests of investors in the Trust including due to one or more circumstances outside its control or where the Trust is not liquid (as defined in the Corporations Act), Equity Trustees can deny or suspend a withdrawal request and you may not be able to withdraw your funds in the usual processing times or at all. When the Trust is not liquid, an investor can only withdraw when Equity Trustees makes a withdrawal offer to investors in accordance with the Corporations Act. Equity Trustees is not obliged to make such offers.

If you are an Indirect Investor, you need to provide your withdrawal request directly to your IDPS Operator. The time to process a withdrawal request will depend on the particular IDPS Operator and the terms of the IDPS.

Unit pricing discretions policy

Equity Trustees has developed a formal written policy in relation to the guidelines and relevant factors taken into account when exercising any discretion in calculating unit prices (including determining the value of the assets and liabilities). A copy of the policy and, where applicable and to the extent required, any other relevant documents in relation to the policy will be made available free of charge on request.

Additional information

If and when the Trust has 100 or more direct investors, it will be classified by the Corporations Act as a 'disclosing entity'. As a disclosing entity, the Trust will be subject to regular reporting and disclosure obligations. Investors would then have a right to obtain a copy, free of charge, of any of the following documents:

- the most recent annual financial report lodged with ASIC ("Annual Report");

- any subsequent half yearly financial report lodged with ASIC after the lodgement of the Annual Report; and
- any continuous disclosure notices lodged with ASIC after the Annual Report but before the date of this PDS.

Equity Trustees will comply with any continuous disclosure obligation by lodging documents with ASIC as and when required.

Copies of these documents lodged with ASIC in relation to the Trust may be obtained from ASIC through ASIC's website.

Further reading...

You should read the important information in the Reference Guide about:

- Application cut-off times;
- Application terms;
- Authorised signatories;
- Reports;
- Withdrawal cut-off times;
- Withdrawal terms; and
- Withdrawal restrictions,

under the "Investing in the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust", "Managing your investment" and "Withdrawing your investment" sections before making a decision. Go to the Reference Guide which is available at www.eqt.com.au/insto or www.bnpparibas-am.com.au. The material relating to these matters may change between the time when you read this PDS and the day when you acquire the product.

3. Benefits of investing in the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust

Team Approach: CWW's collaborative team approach is key to the decision making process – ideas are shared and actively discussed in a group forum. A key differentiator is the stability and experience of the global decision team which has managed the global portfolio since the early 1990s. The global decision team, with input from other regional portfolio managers, works diligently in understanding each investment to ensure a relatively low risk, high conviction portfolio. The competitive edge is achieved by the simplicity of the focused concept, both from an investment and risk control perspective.

Style Consistency: CWW's investment philosophy has been unchanged since the firm's inception in 1986. The most distinctive feature of this strategy is the 30 high conviction stock target which has been consistent since inception of the strategy. This is one of CWW's competitive advantages, as the relatively concentrated portfolio ensures a disciplined and focused approach emphasising selectivity. Importantly, a focused portfolio results in a disciplined buy and sell approach based on the one in-one out better alternative principle.

Risk Management: CWW's investments are not constrained by Benchmark limitations and restrictions. They accept that their focused portfolio management style of 30 high conviction stocks can result in significant deviations from the Benchmark and therefore a relatively higher Tracking Error. However the resulting portfolio is diversified from a country, sector and company perspective and CWW actively monitors portfolio risk to achieve market-like standard deviation. The concentrated portfolio of stocks results in a high degree of focus which in turn ensures operational simplicity and efficiency as well as easier oversight of portfolio risks.

Global Mandate: The portfolio of 30 stocks gives CWW an edge in focusing on what really matters – they are not necessarily exploiting any market inefficiencies, but rather avoiding over diversification with too much focus on the Benchmark and too many portfolio positions, thereby diluting skill set. Too many investors focus on the short-term and try to maximise portfolio returns by actively trading news flow. CWW believes that by focusing on the long-term structural environment and selected global themes and trends, coupled with a long holding period when investing, the best risk adjusted return can be achieved. Finding and investing in a select few good ideas is the key to how CWW adds value over the long-term.

4. Risks of managed investment schemes

All investments carry risks. Different investment strategies may carry different levels of risk, depending on the assets acquired under the strategy. Assets with the highest long-term returns may also carry the highest level of short-term risk. The significant risks below should be considered in light of your risk profile when deciding whether to invest in the Trust. Your risk profile will vary depending on a range of factors, including your age, the investment time frame (how long you wish to invest for), your other investments or assets and your risk tolerance.

The Responsible Entity, Investment Manager, Delegated Investment Manager, BNP Paribas SA, or any member of the BNP Paribas Group do not guarantee the liquidity of the Trust's investments, repayment of capital or any rate of return or the Trust's investment performance. The value of the Trust's investments will vary. Returns are not guaranteed and you may lose money by investing in the Trust. The level of returns will vary and future returns may differ from past returns. Laws affecting managed investment schemes may change in the future. The structure and administration of the Trust is also subject to change.

In addition, we do not offer advice that takes into account your personal financial situation, including advice about whether the Trust is suitable for your circumstances. If you require personal financial or taxation advice, you should contact a licensed financial adviser and/or taxation adviser.

The Trust offered in this PDS is not a deposit with or other liability of BNP Paribas SA or any other member company of BNP Paribas SA.

Active Management Risk

CWW does not invest in a predetermined basket of securities, such as a basket of securities that reflects an index, but instead selects securities that meets its investment criteria. This carries with it the risk that the Trust may underperform the market generally.

Company Specific Risk

The value of investments can vary because of changes to a company's management, internal operations, product distribution or the company's business environment. Returns are affected by the underlying strength of the cash flows, balance sheets and management of the companies in which the Trust invests. An investment in shares carries the risk of a decline in value or a decrease in, or failure of payment in, distributions because of a number of factors, including a fall in investor confidence, poor management or changes in a company's competitive environment or internal operations.

Concentration Risk

The concentrated nature of the investments of the Trust will reduce the potential benefit of diversification. The potential benefit of diversification is to reduce volatility of investments. As the Trust has a concentrated portfolio of investments it may experience higher volatility than a more diversified portfolio.

Counterparty Credit Risk

Counterparty risk is the risk that any of the Responsible Entity's or the Investment Manager's or CWW's trading counterparties, custodians, or any issuer or guarantor of securities held by the Trust, becomes insolvent or cannot otherwise meet their obligations to settle or repay money.

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the sensitivity of the portfolio value to movement in foreign exchange rates. CWW quantifies the risk of each individual security but does not actively manage currencies in aggregate for the Trust. Therefore, there is a risk that they may be adversely affected by currency movements.

Emerging Markets Risk

Emerging Markets are more likely to experience greater volatility than markets in developed countries. Securities traded in Emerging Markets also have more limited liquidity when compared to securities traded in developed countries. This means that those securities may fall more sharply and rapidly than securities traded in developed countries. Further risks include differences in auditing and financial accounting standards, less regulated markets, less developed corporate laws and political risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Changes in official interest rates can directly or indirectly impact (negatively or positively) on investment returns. For instance, rising interest rates can have a negative impact on the Trust's or a company's value as increased borrowing costs may cause earnings to decline. As a result, the unit value or share price may fall.

Legal Risk

The Trust may be affected by the actions of governments and regulatory bodies. Legislation could be imposed retrospectively or may be issued in the form of internal regulations of which the public may not be aware. Legislation (including legislation relating to tax) or regulation may be introduced which inhibits the Trust from pursuing its strategy or which renders an existing strategy less profitable than anticipated. Such actions may take any form, for example, nationalisation of any institution or restrictions on investment strategies in any given market sector (for example restrictions on short selling in the financial sector) or changing requirements (for example increased disclosure to market) and imposed without prior warning by any regulator. This risk is generally higher in developing countries.

Liquidity Risk

There may be times when securities may not be readily sold (for example, in a falling market where companies may become less liquid). If this occurs and it results in the Trust becoming illiquid, withdrawals of units from the Trust must be processed only in accordance with the Corporations Act. Trading volumes of stocks are generally expected to be sufficient to satisfy liquidity requirements when necessary.

Neither the Responsible Entity nor the Investment Manager nor the Delegated Investment Manager guarantees the liquidity of the Trust's investments.

Market Risk

The value of investments may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time. These fluctuations can be caused by changes in interest rates, economic cycles, investor sentiment, and political, social, technological and legal events. These changes can directly or indirectly create an environment that influences (negatively or positively) the value of the investments in the Trust. In addition, a downward move in the general level of the equities market can have a negative impact on the performance of the Trust.

Operational Risk

Operational risk addresses the risk of trading and back office or administration issues that may result in a loss to the portfolio. This could be the result of oversight, ineffective security processing procedures, computer system problems or human error. The Responsible Entity, the Investment Manager and CWW have instituted certain practices and processes within their respective operations and business administrations designed to wherever possible mitigate the operational risk consequences that arise.

Political Risk

There may be high political risk in certain countries due to the fragile political environment of those countries. Political instability and/or political disturbances are more common in Emerging Markets than in developed nations. There may be higher economic risk from policy mistakes, as governments are less accountable than in developed nations. Examples of severe currency depreciation have also occurred in some nations.

Stock Selection Risk

CWW may make poor investment decisions resulting in sub-standard returns (for example where CWW invests in a company that significantly underperforms the share market). This risk is mitigated to some extent by the knowledge and experience of CWW and the diversification of stocks held in the portfolio.

Trust Risk

As with all managed funds, there are risks particular to the Trust including: that the Trust could be terminated, the fees and expenses could change, that Equity Trustees is replaced as Responsible Entity or that the Investment Manager or Delegated Investment Manager is replaced. There is also risk that investing in the Trust may give different results than investing directly in the securities because of income or capital gains accrued in the Trust and the consequences of withdrawal by other investors.

5. How we invest your money

Warning: Before choosing to invest in the Trust you should consider the likely investment returns, the risks of investing and your investment time frame.

Investment objective

The investment objective of the Trust is to achieve long-term capital growth exceeding the return of the market by investing in global equities. The Delegated Investment Manager aims to generate excess returns relative to the Benchmark over a 3 year period, before taking fees and expenses into account.

Benchmark

MSCI All Country World Index, incl. net dividends, measured in AUD.

Minimum suggested time frame

The minimum suggested investment timeframe for the Trust is 5 years.

Risk level of the Trust

High.

There is a risk investors may lose some or all of their initial investment. Higher risk investments tend to fluctuate in the short-term but can produce higher returns than lower risk investments over the long-term.

Investor suitability

The Trust is designed for investors seeking capital appreciation over the longer term by investing in companies CWW believes will have superior growth prospects and returns.

Investment style and approach

The investment style of the Trust is a concentrated stock-picking approach of 30 securities, designed to ensure a sufficient high level of risk diversification both from a country and sector perspective. There may be occasions where the portfolio holds more than 30 stocks if CWW is transitioning out of one stock position and into another.

CWW endeavours to understand and capitalise on the trends of the future – an investment approach described as “trend based stock picking”. It is a trend/theme influenced top down framework combined with a Bottom-up stock picking approach. CWW selects stocks from an unconstrained universe, meaning it has the flexibility to pursue opportunities all around the world. The Trust invests in equities listed on global stock exchanges and has no country or sector restrictions. However portfolio diversification, from a country, sector, theme and company perspective is prioritised and Trust exposures are monitored closely.

The Trust can hold stocks that are not in the Benchmark, and this can result in significant differences from the index weightings. The Trust has some inherent biases – for example large/mega capitalisation stocks are favoured over small/mid cap companies as are higher quality (higher return on equity) companies over lower quality companies. Furthermore companies in the Trust will typically have a growth bias, as CWW strongly believes that earnings growth drives share price growth over the longer term. This focus on companies with an earnings growth profile is coupled with an emphasis on valuation as stock investments are implemented at reasonable valuations (Growth at Reasonable Price, or “GARP”, style).

Target asset allocation ranges:

- Global equities 90-100%
- Cash & cash equivalents 0-10%.

Currency Management

Currency Hedging is rare and usually only undertaken for defensive purposes and as a part of the security selection process. Therefore, there is no overall currency management strategy for the Trust and the Trust is considered to be “unhedged”.

Asset allocation

The Delegated Investment Manager selects stocks from an unconstrained universe, meaning it has the flexibility to pursue opportunities all around the world. There is no home market bias. The Trust invests in equities listed on global stock exchanges and has no country or sector restrictions. However portfolio diversification, from a country, sector, theme and company perspective is prioritised and Trust exposures are monitored closely.

Labour, environmental, social and ethical considerations

Decisions about the selection, retention or realisation of investments for the Trust are primarily based on company fundamentals. CWW takes into account labour standards, environmental, social and ethical issues when making these decisions to the extent that these issues have a material impact on either investment risk or return.

CWW is a UNPRI signatory and is always seeking to improve its way of thinking and investing in order to serve clients in the best possible manner. In each investment case CWW looks at numerous factors including Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance (“ESG”). A poor ESG profile can affect the performance of an investment quite significantly and given the long-term holding period CWW aims to avoid these types of companies. CWW uses the consulting services of an ESG screening company, GES Investment Services, which offers valuable input into ESG issues.

With effect from 31 December 2018, the Trust will not invest in securities classified as being in the tobacco industry by the Global Industry Classification Standard.

Trust performance

Up to date information on the performance of the Trust will be available by:

- calling BNP Paribas Asset Management's Client Services on 1800 267 726 (Australia) or +612 9619 6041; or
- visiting BNP Paribas Asset Management's website at www.bnpparibas-am.com.au.

6. Fees and costs

DID YOU KNOW?

Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long-term returns.

For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your account balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30 year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000).

You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs.

You may be able to negotiate to pay lower contribution fees and management costs where applicable. Ask the fund or your financial adviser.

TO FIND OUT MORE

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the [Australian Securities and Investments Commission \(ASIC\)](http://www.australiansec.gov.au) website (www.moneysmart.gov.au) has a managed funds fee calculator to help you check out different fee options.

The information in the following template can be used to compare costs between different simple managed investment schemes. Fees and costs can be paid directly from an investor's account, deducted from investment returns or from the Trust assets as a whole.

TYPE OF FEE OR COST	AMOUNT
Fees when your money moves in or out of the Trust	
Establishment fee	Nil
Contribution fee	Nil
Withdrawal fee	Nil
Exit fee	Nil
Management costs	
The fees and costs for managing your investment ¹	Management fees: 0.99% p.a. of the NAV of the Trust ²

¹ All fees quoted above are inclusive of Goods and Services Tax (GST) and net of any Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC). See below for more details as to how management costs are calculated.

² Management fees can be negotiated. See "Differential fees" below. Until further notice, the management costs are capped, except for extraordinary expenses. If the total management costs exceed the cap, BNP Paribas Asset Management will reimburse the amount of the excess costs to the Trust unless the excess is due to an extraordinary expense, such as a significant but properly recoverable legal expense, in which case the expense would be incurred by the Trust and reflected in the unit price of the Trust, and in that way borne by the investors in the Trust.

Additional Explanation of fees and costs

What do the management costs pay for?

Management costs are comprised of the management fee, indirect costs and recoverable expenses that an investor incurs by investing in the Trust rather than by investing directly in the underlying assets of the Trust.

Management costs do not include transactional and operational costs (i.e. costs associated with investing in the underlying assets, some of which may be recovered through Buy/Sell Spreads).

The management costs of 0.99% p.a. of the NAV of the Trust are payable to the Responsible Entity of the Trust for managing the assets and overseeing the operations of the Trust. The management costs are accrued daily and paid from the Trust monthly in arrears and reflected in the unit price. As at the date of this PDS, ordinary expenses such as investment management fees, custodian fees, administration and audit fees, and other ordinary expenses of operating the Trust are covered by the management costs.

The management costs shown above do not include extraordinary expenses (if they are incurred in future), such as litigation costs and the costs of convening investor meetings.

Transactional and operational costs

In managing the assets of the Trust, the Trust may incur transactional and operational costs such as brokerage, settlement costs, clearing costs and applicable stamp duty when assets are bought and sold. This generally happens when the assets of the Trust are changed in connection with day-to-day trading or when there are applications or withdrawals which cause net cash flows into or out of the Trust.

The Buy/Sell Spread reflects the estimated transaction costs incurred in buying or selling assets of the Trust when investors invest in or withdraw from the Trust. The Buy/Sell Spread is not an additional cost to the Trust but is incorporated into the unit price and incurred when an investor invests in or withdraws from the Trust and is not separately charged to the investor. The Buy Spread is paid into the Trust as part of an application and the Sell Spread is left in the Trust as part of a withdrawal and not paid to Equity Trustees or the Investment Manager. The estimated Buy/Sell Spread is 0.30% upon entry and 0.30% upon exit. The dollar value of these costs based on an application or a withdrawal of \$25,000 is \$75 for each individual transaction. The Buy/Sell Spread can be altered by the Responsible Entity at any time. The Responsible Entity may also waive the Buy/Sell Spread in part or in full at its discretion.

Transactional costs which are incurred other than in connection with applications and withdrawals arise through the day-to-day trading of the Trust's assets and are reflected in the Trust's unit price. As these costs are factored into the NAV of the Trust and reflected in the unit price, they are an additional cost to the investor and are not a fee paid to the Responsible Entity. These costs can arise as a result of bid-offer spreads (the difference between an asset's bid/buy price and offer/ask price) being applied to securities traded by the Trust. Liquid securities generally have a lower bid-offer spread while less liquid assets have a higher bid-offer spread reflecting the compensation taken by market makers in providing liquidity for that asset.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2018, the total transaction costs for the Trust were estimated to be 0.11% of the NAV of the Trust, of which 100% of these transaction costs were recouped via the Buy/Sell Spread, resulting in no transactional costs to the Trust.

Can the fees change?

Yes, all fees can change without investor consent, subject to the maximum fee amounts specified in the Constitution. Equity Trustees has the right to recover all reasonable expenses incurred in relation to the proper performance of its duties in managing the Trust and as such these expenses may increase or decrease accordingly. We will generally provide investors with at least 30 days' notice of any proposed change to the management costs. In most circumstances, the Constitution defines the maximum level that can be charged for fees described in this PDS. Expense recoveries may change without notice, for example, when it is necessary to protect the interests of existing investors and if permitted by law.

Payments to IDPS Operators

Subject to the law, annual payments may be made to some IDPS Operators because they offer the Trust on their investment menus. Product access is paid by the Investment Manager out of its management fees and is not an additional cost to the investor. If the payment of annual fees to IDPS Operators is limited or prohibited by the law, Equity Trustees will ensure the payment of such fees is reduced or ceased.

Differential fees

The Responsible Entity or Investment Manager may from time to time negotiate a different fee arrangement (by way of a rebate or waiver of fees) with certain investors who are Australian Wholesale Clients or New Zealand Wholesale Investors.

Example of annual fees and costs for the Trust

This table gives an example of how the fees and costs for this managed investment product can affect your investment over a 1 year period. You should use this table to compare this product with other managed investment products.

EXAMPLE – C WorldWide Global Equity Trust		
BALANCE OF \$50,000 WITH A CONTRIBUTION OF \$5,000 DURING THE YEAR		
Contribution Fees	Nil	For every additional \$5,000 you put in, you will be charged \$0
Plus Management costs	0.99% p.a.	And, for every \$50,000 you have in the Trust you will be charged \$495 each year
Equals Cost of Trust		If you had an investment of \$50,000 at the beginning of the year and you put in an additional \$5,000 during that year, then you would be charged fees of: \$495 * What it costs you will depend on the fees you negotiate.

* This example assumes the \$5,000 contribution occurs at the end of the first year, therefore management costs are calculated using the \$50,000 balance only.

Additional fees may apply. Please note that this example does not capture all the fees and costs that may apply to you such as the Buy/Sell Spread.

Warning: If you have consulted a financial adviser, you may pay additional fees. You should refer to the Statement of Advice or Financial Services Guide provided by your financial adviser in which details of the fees are set out.

ASIC provides a fee calculator on www.moneysmart.gov.au, which you may use to calculate the effects of fees and costs on account balances.

7. How managed investment schemes are taxed

Warning: Investing in a registered managed investment scheme (such as the Trust) is likely to have tax consequences. You are strongly advised to seek your own professional tax advice about the applicable Australian tax (including income tax, GST and duty) consequences and, if appropriate, foreign tax consequences which may apply to you based on your particular circumstances before investing in the Trust.

The Trust is an Australian resident for tax purposes and does not generally pay tax on behalf of its investors. Australian resident investors are assessed for tax on any income and capital gains generated by the Trust to which they become presently entitled or, where the Trust has made a choice to be an Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") and the choice is effective for the income year, are attributed to them.

Further reading

You should read the important information in the Reference Guide about Taxation under the "Other important information" section before making a decision. Go to the Reference Guide which is available at www.eqt.com.au/insto or www.bnpparibas-am.com.au. The material relating to these matters may change between the time when you read this PDS and the day when you acquire the product.

8. How to apply

To invest please complete the Application Form accompanying this PDS, send funds (see details in the Application Form) and your completed Application Form to:

BNP Paribas Asset Management
GPO Box 804
Melbourne, VIC, 3001

Please note that cash and cheques cannot be accepted and all applications must be made in Australian dollars.

Who can invest?

Eligible persons (as detailed in the 'About this PDS' section) can invest, however individual investors must be 18 years of age or over.

Investors investing through an IDPS should use the application form provided by the operator of the IDPS.

Cooling off period

If you are a Retail Client who has invested directly in the Trust, you may have a right to a 'cooling off' period in relation to your investment in the Trust for 14 days from the earlier of:

- confirmation of the investment being received; and
- the end of the fifth business day after the units are issued.

A Retail Client may exercise this right by notifying Equity Trustees in writing. A Retail Client is entitled to a refund of their investment adjusted for any increase or decrease in the relevant Application Price between the time we process your application and the time we receive the notification from you, as well as any other tax and other reasonable administrative expenses and transaction costs associated with the acquisition and termination of the investment.

The right of a Retail Client to cool off does not apply in certain limited situations, such as if the issue is made under a distribution reinvestment plan, switching facility or represents additional contributions required under an existing agreement. Also, the right to cool off does not apply to you if you choose to exercise your rights or powers as an investor in the Trust during the 14 day period. This could include selling part of your investment or switching it to another product.

Indirect Investors should seek advice from their IDPS Operator as to whether cooling off rights apply to an investment in the Trust by the IDPS. The right to cool off in relation to the Trust is not directly available to an Indirect Investor. This is because an Indirect Investor does not acquire the rights of an investor in the Trust. Rather, an Indirect Investor directs the IDPS Operator to arrange for their monies to be invested in the Trust on their behalf. The terms and conditions of the IDPS guide or similar type document will govern an Indirect Investor's investment in relation to the Trust and any rights an Indirect Investor may have in this regard.

Complaints resolution

Equity Trustees has an established complaints handling process and is committed to properly considering and resolving all complaints. If you have a complaint about your investment, please contact us on:

Phone: 1300 133 472
Post: Equity Trustees Limited
GPO Box 2307, Melbourne VIC 3001
Email: compliance@eqt.com.au

We will acknowledge receipt of the complaint as soon as possible and in any case within 3 days of receiving the complaint. We will seek to resolve your complaint as soon as practicable but not more than 45 days after receiving the complaint.

If you are not satisfied with our response to your complaint, you may be able to lodge a complaint with the Australian Financial Complaints Authority ("AFCA").

Contact details are:
Online: www.afca.org.au
Phone: 1800 931 678
Email: info@afca.org.au
Post: GPO Box 3, Melbourne VIC 3001.

The external dispute resolution body is established to assist you in resolving your complaint where you have been unable to do so with us. However, it's important that you contact us first.

9. Other information

Consent

The Investment Manager and the Delegated Investment Manager have given and, as at the date of this PDS, have not withdrawn:

- their written consent to be named in this PDS as the Investment Manager and the Delegated Investment Manager of the Trust; and

- their written consent to the inclusion of the statements made about them which are specifically attributed to them, in the form and context in which they appear.

The Investment Manager and the Delegated Investment Manager have not otherwise been involved in the preparation of this PDS or caused or otherwise authorised the issue of this PDS. Neither the Investment Manager, the Delegated Investment Manager nor their employees or officers accept any responsibility arising in any way for errors or omissions, other than those statements for which they have provided their written consent to Equity Trustees for inclusion in this PDS.

Further reading

You should read the important information in the Reference Guide about:

- Your privacy;
- The Constitution;
- Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorism Financing laws ("AML/CTF laws");
- Indirect Investors;
- Information on underlying investments;
- Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA"); and
- Common Reporting Standard ("CRS"),

under the "Other important information" section before making a decision. Go to the Reference Guide which is available at www.eqt.com.au/insto or www.bnpparibas-am.com.au. The material relating to these matters may change between the time when you read this PDS and the day when you acquire the product.

C WorldWide Global Equity Trust

Reference Guide

Issue Date 21 November 2018



BNP PARIBAS
ASSET MANAGEMENT

About this Reference Guide

This Reference Guide ("RG") has been prepared and issued by Equity Trustees Limited ("Equity Trustees", "we" or "Responsible Entity"). The information in this document forms part of the Product Disclosure Statement ("PDS") for the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust ("Trust") dated 21 November 2018.

The information provided in this RG is for general information only and does not take into account your individual objectives, financial situation or needs. You should obtain financial and taxation advice tailored to your personal circumstances.

Updated information

Information in the PDS and this RG is subject to change. Before making an investment in the Trust, you should ensure that you have read the PDS and RG current as at the date of your investment.

You can request a copy of the PDS and RG by visiting www.eqt.com.au/insto or www.bnpparibas-am.com.au or request a copy by calling BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited on 1800 267 726 (Australia) or +612 9619 6041. A paper copy of the updated information will also be provided free of charge on request.

Contents

1. Investing in the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust
2. Managing your investment
3. Withdrawing your investment
4. Other important information
5. Glossary

Investment Manager

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT
Australia Limited
ABN 78 008 576 449, AFSL 223418
GPO Box 269, Sydney NSW 2001

Client Services

BNP Paribas Asset Management
Ph: 1800 267 726 (Australia)
or +612 9619 6041
Fax: +612 9006 9051
Email: AMAU.ClientService@bnpparibas.com
Web: www.bnpparibas-am.com.au

Responsible Entity

Equity Trustees Limited
ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975
GPO Box 2307, Melbourne VIC 3001
Ph: +613 8623 5000
Web: www.eqt.com.au/insto

Delegated Investment Manager
C WorldWide Asset Management
Fondsmæglerselskab A/S

1. Investing in the C WorldWide Global Equity Trust

Application cut-off times

If we receive a correctly completed Application Form/Additional Investment Form, identification documents (if applicable) and cleared application money:

- before 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your application for units is accepted, you will generally receive the Application Price calculated for that Business Day; or
- on or after 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your application for units is accepted, you will generally receive the Application Price calculated for the next Business Day.

Please see the PDS for information regarding how to apply.

Application terms

We will only start processing an application if:

- we consider that you have correctly completed the Application Form/Additional Investment Form;
- you have provided us with the relevant identification documents if required; and
- we have received the application money (in cleared funds) stated in your Application Form/Additional Investment Form.

2. Managing your investment

Authorised signatories

You can appoint a person, partnership or company as your authorised signatory. To do so, please nominate them on the Application Form and have them sign the relevant sections. If a company is appointed, the powers extend to any director and officer of the company. If a partnership is appointed, the powers extend to all partners. Such appointments will only be cancelled or changed once we receive written instructions from you to do so.

Once appointed, your authorised signatory has full access to operate your investment account for and on your behalf. This includes the following:

- making additional investments;
- requesting income distribution instructions be changed;
- withdrawing all or part of your investment;
- changing bank account details; and
- enquiring and obtaining copies of the status of your investment.

If you do appoint an authorised signatory:

- you are bound by their acts;
- you release, discharge and indemnify us from and against any losses, liabilities, actions, proceedings, claims and demands arising from instructions received from your authorised signatory; and
- you agree that our acting on any instructions received from your authorised signatory shall amount to complete satisfaction of our obligations, even if these instructions were made without your knowledge or authority.

Reports

Investors will be provided with the following reports:

- application and withdrawal confirmation statements;
- transaction statements; and
- (where applicable), distribution and tax statements.

Annual audited financial accounts are available on Equity Trustees' website.

3. Withdrawing your investment

Withdrawal cut-off times

If we receive a withdrawal request:

- before 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your withdrawal request is accepted, you will generally receive the Withdrawal Price calculated for that Business Day; or
- on or after 2pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day and your withdrawal request is accepted, you will generally receive the Withdrawal Price calculated for the next Business Day.

Please see the PDS for information regarding how to request a withdrawal.

Withdrawal terms

Once we receive your withdrawal request, we may act on your instruction without further enquiry if the instruction bears your account number or investor details and your (apparent) signature(s), or your authorised signatory's (apparent) signature(s).

We may contact you to check your details before processing your withdrawal request but are not obliged to. This may cause a delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money. No interest is payable for any delay in finalising payment of your withdrawal money.

We are not responsible or liable if you do not receive, or are late in receiving, any withdrawal money that is paid according to your instructions.

When you are withdrawing, you should take note of the following:

- Withdrawals will only be paid to the investor.
- We reserve the right to fully redeem your investment if, as a result of processing your request, your investment balance in the Trust falls below the minimum balance set out in the PDS.
- If we cannot satisfactorily identify you as the withdrawing investor, we may reject your withdrawal request or payment of your withdrawal proceeds will be delayed. We are not responsible for any loss you consequently suffer.
- As an investor who is withdrawing, you agree that any payment made according to instructions received by post, courier, email or fax, shall be a complete satisfaction of our obligations, despite any fact or circumstances such as the payment being made without your knowledge or authority.
- You agree that if the payment is made according to these terms, you, and any person claiming on your behalf, shall have no claim against us with regards to such payment.

Withdrawal restrictions

Under the Corporations Act, you do not have a right to withdraw from the Trust if the Trust is illiquid. In such circumstances, you will only be able to withdraw your investment if Equity Trustees makes a withdrawal offer in accordance with the Corporations Act. Equity Trustees is not obliged to make such offers.

The Trust will be deemed liquid if at least 80% of its assets are liquid assets (generally cash and marketable securities). In addition, we may at any time suspend consideration of withdrawal requests or defer our obligation to pay withdrawal proceeds if it is not possible, or not in the best interests of investors or former investors for us to do so, due to circumstances outside our control (such as restricted or suspended trading in a Trust asset).

4. Other important information

Taxation

The following information summarises some of the Australian taxation issues you may wish to consider before making an investment in the Trust and assumes that you hold your investment in the Trust on capital account and are not considered to be carrying on a business of investing, trading in investments or investing for the purpose of profit making by sale. The information should be used as a guide only and does not constitute professional tax advice as individual circumstances may differ.

A number of tax reform measures are currently under review by the Australian Government. These reforms may impact on the tax position of the Trust and its investors. Accordingly, it is recommended that investors seek their own professional advice, specific to their own circumstances, of the taxation implications of investing in the Trust.

General

The Trust is an Australian resident trust for Australian tax purposes. Therefore, the Trust is required to determine its net income (taxable income) for the year of income. On the basis that investors are presently entitled (which is the intention of Equity Trustees) to the net income of the Trust (including net taxable capital gains) or will be attributed their share of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) of the Trust and the Trust is not a public trading trust, the Trust should be treated as a flow-through trust for tax purposes. This means that investors should be taxed on their share of the Trust's net taxable income or the amount attributed to them, and the Trust should not be subject to Australian income tax.

In the case where the Trust makes a loss for Australian tax purposes, the Trust cannot distribute the tax loss to investors. However, the tax loss may be carried forward by the Trust for offset against taxable income of the Trust in subsequent years, subject to the operation of the trust loss rules.

Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") – core rules

The Trust may qualify as an eligible Attribution Managed Investment Trust (AMIT), and if so, intends to elect into the AMIT regime. The AMIT legislation applies an attribution model whereby Equity Trustees as the Responsible Entity of the Trust attributes amounts of trust components of a particular character to investors on a fair and reasonable basis consistent with the operation of the Trust's Constitution, which includes provisions in relation to AMIT. Under the AMIT rules, the following will apply:

Fair and reasonable attribution: Each year, the Trust's determined trust components of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) will be allocated to investors on a "fair and reasonable" attribution basis, rather than being allocated proportionally based on each investor's present entitlement to the income of the Trust.

Unders or overs adjustments: Where the Trust's determined trust components for a year are revised in a subsequent year (e.g. due to actual amounts differing to the estimates of income, gains / losses or expenses), then unders and overs may arise. Unders and overs will generally be carried forward and adjusted in the year of discovery.

Cost base adjustments: Where the distribution made is less than (or more than) certain components attributed to investors, then the cost base of an investor's units may be increased (or decreased). Details of cost base adjustments will be included on an investor's annual tax statement, referred to as an AMIT Member Annual Statement ("AMMA").

Large withdrawals: In certain circumstances, gains may be attributed to a specific investor, for example, gains on disposal of assets to fund a large withdrawal being attributed to the redeeming investor.

Penalties: In certain circumstances (e.g. failure to comply with certain AMIT rules), specific penalties may be imposed.

The new rules are intended to reduce complexity, increase certainty and reduce compliance costs for managed investment trusts and their investors. Where the Trust does not elect into the AMIT regime, or has made the election but the election is not effective for the income year (e.g. the Trust does not satisfy the requirements to be a managed investment trust for the income year), the Tax Law applicable to non-AMITs should be relevant. In particular, the Trust should not generally pay tax on behalf of its investors and instead, investors should be assessed for tax on any income and capital gains generated by the Trust to which they become presently entitled.

Deemed Capital Gains Tax ("CGT") Election

Eligible managed investment trusts ("MITs") may make an election to apply a deemed capital account treatment for gains and losses on disposal of certain eligible investments (including equities and units in other trusts but excluding derivatives, debt securities and foreign exchange contracts). Where the election is made the Trust should hold its eligible investments on capital account and gains/(losses) from the disposal of eligible investments should be treated as capital gains/(losses). Capital gains arising on the disposal of eligible investments held for 12 months or greater may be eligible to be treated as discount capital gains.

Where the CGT election is not made, the Trust should hold its eligible investments on revenue account and gains/(losses) from the disposal of eligible investments should be treated as revenue gains or losses.

Controlled Foreign Company ("CFC") Provisions

There are certain tax rules (i.e. the CFC provisions) which may result in assessable income arising in the Trust in relation to investments in foreign equities, where certain control thresholds are met. If such interests were to be held at the end of the income year, the taxable income of the Trust may include a share of net income and gains (i.e. CFC attributable income) from such investments.

Taxation of Financial Arrangements ("TOFA")

The TOFA rules may apply to certain "financial arrangements" held by the Trust. In broad terms, the TOFA regime seeks to recognise "sufficiently certain" returns on certain financial arrangements on an accruals basis for tax purposes rather than on a realisation basis. Where returns from derivative instruments are not "sufficiently certain" they will continue to be recognised on a realisation basis, unless specific tax timing elections are made.

Taxation Reform

The tax information included in this PDS is based on the taxation legislation and administrative practice as at the issue date of this PDS, together with proposed changes to the taxation legislation as announced by the Government. However, the Australian tax system is in a continuing state of reform, and based on the Government's reform agenda, it is likely to escalate rather than diminish. Any reform of a tax system creates uncertainty as to the full extent of announced reforms, or uncertainty as to the meaning of new law that is enacted pending interpretation through the judicial process. These reforms may impact on the tax position of the Trust and its investors. Accordingly, it will be necessary to closely monitor the progress of these reforms, and investors should seek their own professional advice, specific to their own circumstances, of the taxation implications of investing in the Trust.

Tax File Number ("TFN") and Australian Business Number ("ABN")

It is not compulsory for an investor to quote their TFN or ABN. If an investor is making this investment in the course of a business or enterprise, the investor may quote an ABN instead of a TFN. Failure by an investor to quote an ABN or TFN or claim an exemption may cause the Responsible Entity to withhold tax at the top marginal rate, plus the Medicare Levy, on gross payments including distributions or attribution of income to the investor. The investor may be able to claim a credit in their tax return for any TFN or ABN tax withheld. Collection of TFNs is permitted under taxation and privacy legislation.

By quoting their TFN or ABN, the investor authorises Equity Trustees to apply it in respect of all the investor's investments with Equity Trustees. If the investor does not want to quote their TFN or ABN for some investments, Equity Trustees should be advised.

GST

The Trust is registered for GST. The issue or withdrawal of units in the Trust and receipt of distributions are not subject to GST.

The Trust may be required to pay GST included in management and other fees, charges costs and expenses incurred by the Trust. However, to the extent permissible, the Responsible Entity will claim on behalf of the Trust a proportion of this GST as a reduced input tax credit. Unless otherwise stated, fees and charges quoted in this PDS are inclusive of GST and take into account any available reduced input tax credits. The Trust may be entitled to as yet undetermined additional input tax credits on the fees, charges or costs incurred. If the Responsible Entity is unable to claim input tax credits on behalf of the Trust, the Responsible Entity retains the ability to recover the entire GST component of all fees and charges.

The impact of GST payments and credits will be reflected in the unit price of the Trust. Investors should seek professional advice with respect to the GST consequences arising from their unit holding.

Australian Taxation of Australian Resident Investors

Distributions

For each year of income, each Australian resident investor will be required to include within their own tax calculations and tax return filings the assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) of the Trust attributed to them by Equity Trustees as the Responsible Entity of the Trust.

The tax consequences for investors in the Trust depends on the tax components of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits) of the Trust attributed to them.

Investors will receive an Annual Tax Statement (or an "AMMA" for an AMIT) detailing all relevant taxation information concerning attributed amounts and cash distributions, including any Foreign Income Tax Offset ("FITO") and franking credit entitlements, returns of capital, assessable income, and any upwards or downwards cost base adjustment in the capital gains tax cost base of their units in the Trust (in the case of an AMIT).

An investor may receive their share of attributed tax components of the Trust or net income in respect of distributions made during the year or where they have made a large withdrawal from the Trust, in which case their withdrawal proceeds may include their share of net income or attributed tax components of assessable income, exempt income, non-assessable non-exempt income and tax offsets (i.e. credits). In addition, because Australian investors can move into and out of the Trust at different points in time, there is the risk that taxation liabilities in respect of gains that have benefited past investors may have to be met by subsequent investors.

Foreign Income

The Trust may derive foreign source income that is subject to tax overseas, for example withholding tax. Australian resident investors should include their share of both the foreign income and the amount of the foreign tax withheld in their assessable income. In such circumstances, investors may be entitled to a FITO for the foreign tax paid, against the Australian tax payable on the foreign source income. To the extent the investors do not have sufficient overall foreign source income to utilise all of the FITOs relevant to a particular year of income, the excess FITOs cannot be carried forward to a future income year.

Disposal of Units by Australian Resident Investors

If an Australian resident investor transfers or redeems their units in the Trust, this may constitute a disposal for tax purposes depending on their specific circumstances.

Where an investor holds their units in the Trust on capital account, a capital gain or loss may arise on disposal and each investor should calculate their capital gain or loss according to their own particular facts and circumstances. As noted above, proceeds on disposal may include a component of distributable income. In calculating the taxable amount of a capital gain, a discount of 50% for individuals and trusts or 33 & 1/3% for complying Australian superannuation funds may be allowed where the units in the Trust have been held for 12 months or more. No CGT discount is available to corporate investors.

Any capital losses arising from the disposal of the investment may be used to offset other capital gains the investor may have derived. Net capital losses may be carried forward for offset against capital gains of subsequent years but may not be offset against ordinary income.

The discount capital gains concession may be denied in certain circumstances where an investor (together with associates) holds 10% or more of the issued units of the Trust, the Trust has less than 300 beneficiaries and other requirements are met. Investors who together with associates are likely to hold more than 10% of the units in the Trust should seek advice on this issue.

Australian Taxation of Non-Resident Investors

Tax on Income

The Trust expects to derive income which may be subject to Australian withholding tax when attributed by Equity Trustees as the Responsible Entity of the Trust to non-resident investors.

Australian withholding tax may be withheld from distributions of Australian source income and gains attributed to a non-resident investor. The various components of the net income of the Trust which may be regarded as having an Australian source include Australian sourced interest, Australian sourced other gains, Australian sourced dividends and CGT taxable Australian property.

We recommend that non-resident investors seek independent tax advice before investing, taking into account their particular circumstances and the provisions of any relevant Double Taxation Agreement/ Exchange of Information Agreement ("EOI") between Australia and their country of residence.

Disposal of Units by Non-Resident Investors

Based on the Trust's investment profile, generally non-resident investors holding their units on capital account should not be subject to Australian capital gains tax on the disposal of units in the Trust unless the units were capital assets held by the investor in carrying on a business through a permanent establishment in Australia. Australian tax may apply in certain circumstances if the non-resident holds their units on revenue account. CGT may also apply in some cases where the Trust has a direct or indirect interest in Australian real property. We recommend that non-resident investors seek independent tax advice in relation to the tax consequences of the disposal of their units.

Your privacy

The Australian Privacy Principles contained in the Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) ("Privacy Act") regulate the way in which we collect, use, disclose, and otherwise handle your personal information. Equity Trustees is committed to respecting and protecting the privacy of your personal information, and our Privacy Policy details how we do this.

It is important to be aware that, in order to provide our products and services to you, Equity Trustees may need to collect personal information about you and any other individuals associated with the product or service offering. In addition to practical reasons, this is necessary to ensure compliance with our legal and regulatory obligations (including under the Corporations Act, the AML/CTF Act and taxation legislation). If you do not provide the information requested, we may not be able to process your application, administer, manage, invest, pay or transfer your investment(s).

You must therefore ensure that any personal information you provide to Equity Trustees is true and correct in every detail. If any of this personal information (including your contact details) changes, you must promptly advise us of the changes in writing. While we will generally collect your personal information from you, your broker or adviser or the Investment Manager and Administrator directly, we may also obtain or confirm information about you from publicly available sources in order to meet regulatory obligations.

In terms of how we deal with your personal information, Equity Trustees will use it for the purpose of providing you with our products and services and complying with our regulatory obligations. Equity Trustees may also disclose it to other members of our corporate group, or to third parties who we work with or engage for these same purposes. Such third parties may be situated in Australia or offshore, however we take reasonable steps to ensure that they will comply with the Privacy Act when collecting, using or handling your personal information.

The types of third parties that we may disclose your information to include, but are not limited to:

- stockbrokers, financial advisers or adviser dealer groups, their service providers and/or any joint holder of an investment;
- those providing services for administering or managing the Trust, including the Investment Manager, Custodian and Administrator, auditors, or those that provide mailing or printing services;
- our other service providers;
- regulatory bodies such as ASIC, ATO, APRA and AUSTRAC; and
- other third parties who you have consented to us disclosing your information to, or to whom we are required or permitted by law to disclose information to.

Equity Trustees or the Investment Manager may from time to time provide you with direct marketing and/or educational material about products and services they believe may be of interest to you. You have the right to “opt out” of such communications by contacting us using the contact details below.

In addition to the above information, Equity Trustees’ Privacy Policy contains further information about how we handle your personal information, and how you can access information held about you, seek a correction to that information, or make a privacy-related complaint.

Full details of Equity Trustees’ Privacy Policy are available at www.eqt.com.au. You can also request a copy by contacting Equity Trustees’ Privacy Officer on +61 3 8623 5000 or by email to privacy@eqt.com.au.

The Constitution

The Trust is governed by a constitution that sets out the Trust’s operation (the “Constitution”). The Constitution, together with the Trust’s PDS, the Corporations Act and other laws, regulate our legal relationship with investors in the Trust. If you invest in the Trust, you agree to be bound by the terms of the Trust’s PDS and the Trust’s Constitution. You can request a copy of the Constitution free of charge from Equity Trustees. Please read these documents carefully before investing in the Trust.

We may amend the Constitution from time to time in accordance with the provisions in the Constitution and the Corporations Act.

Anti-Money Laundering and Counter Terrorism Financing (“AML/CTF”)

Australia’s AML/CTF laws require Equity Trustees to adopt and maintain a written AML/CTF Program. A fundamental part of the AML/CTF Program is that Equity Trustees must hold up-to-date information about investors (including beneficial owner information) in the Trust.

To meet this legal requirement, we need to collect certain identification information (including beneficial owner information) and documentation (“KYC Documents”) from new investors. Existing investors may also be asked to provide KYC Documents as part of an ongoing customer due diligence/verification process to comply with AML/CTF laws. If applicants or investors do not provide the applicable KYC Documents when requested, Equity Trustees may be unable to process an application, or may be unable to provide products or services to existing investors until such time as the information is provided.

In order to comply with AML/CTF Laws, Equity Trustees may also disclose information including your personal information that it holds about the applicant, an investor, or any beneficial owner, to its related bodies corporate or service providers, or relevant regulators of AML/CTF Laws (whether inside or outside Australia). Equity Trustees may be prohibited by law from informing applicants or investors that such reporting has occurred.

Equity Trustees, the Investment Manager and the Delegated Investment Manager shall not be liable to applicants or investors for any loss you may suffer because of compliance with the AML/CTF laws.

Indirect Investors

You may be able to invest indirectly in the Trust via an IDPS by directing the IDPS Operator to acquire units on your behalf. If you do so, you will need to complete the relevant forms provided by the IDPS Operator and not the Application Form accompanying the PDS. This will mean that you are an Indirect Investor in the Trust and not an investor of the Trust. Indirect Investors do not acquire the rights of an investor as such rights are acquired by the IDPS Operator who may exercise, or decline to exercise, these rights on your behalf.

Indirect Investors do not receive reports or statements from us and the IDPS Operator’s application and withdrawal conditions determine when you can direct the IDPS Operator to apply or redeem. Your rights as an Indirect Investor should be set out in the IDPS guide or other disclosure document issued by the IDPS Operator.

Information on underlying investments

Information regarding the underlying investments of the Trust will be provided to an investor of the Trust on request, to the extent Equity Trustees is satisfied that such information is required to enable the investor to comply with its statutory reporting obligations. This information will be supplied within a reasonable timeframe having regard to these obligations.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”)

In April 2014, the Australian Government signed an intergovernmental agreement (“IGA”) with the United States of America (“U.S.”), which requires all Australian financial institutions to comply with the FATCA Act enacted by the U.S. in 2010.

Under FATCA, Australian financial institutions are required to collect and review their information to identify U.S. residents and U.S. controlling persons that invest in assets through non-U.S. entities. This information is reported to the Australian Taxation Office (“ATO”). The ATO may then pass that information onto the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

In order to comply with the FATCA obligations, we may request certain information from you. Failure to comply with FATCA obligations may result in the Trust, to the extent relevant, being subject to a 30% withholding tax on payment of U.S. income or gross proceeds from the sale of certain U.S. investments. If the Trust suffers any amount of FATCA withholding and is unable to obtain a refund for the amounts withheld, we will not be required to compensate investors for any such withholding and the effect of the amounts withheld will be reflected in the returns of the Trust.

Common Reporting Standard (“CRS”)

The CRS is developed by the Organisation of Economic Co-operation and Development and requires certain financial institutions resident in a participating jurisdiction to document and identify reportable accounts and implement due diligence procedures. These financial institutions will also be required to report certain information on reportable accounts to their relevant local tax authorities.

Australia signed the CRS Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement and has enacted provisions within the domestic tax legislation to implement CRS in Australia. Australian financial institutions need to document and identify reportable accounts, implement due diligence procedures and report certain information with respect to reportable accounts to the ATO. The ATO may then exchange this information with foreign tax authorities in the relevant signatory countries.

In order to comply with the CRS obligations, we may request certain information from you. Unlike FATCA, there is no withholding tax that is applicable under CRS.

5. Glossary

ABN

Australian Business Number.

Additional Investment Form

The form used by investors who wish to subscribe for additional units directly in the Trust. Available from the Online Investor Portal at www.bnpparibas-am.com.au or by calling BNP Paribas Asset Management’s Client Services on 1800 267 726 (Australia) or +612 9619 6041.

AFSL

Australian Financial Services Licence.

APIR Code

This is a unique code for products in the financial services industry.

Application Form

The application form used by applicants who wish to subscribe for units directly in the Trust accompanying this PDS. Available from the Online Investor Portal at www.bnpparibas-am.com.au or by calling BNP Paribas Asset Management’s Client Services on 1800 267 726 (Australia) or +612 9619 6041.

APRA

Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.

ARSN

Australian Registered Scheme Number.

ASIC

Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

ATO

Australian Taxation Office

AUD or \$

Australian dollars.

AUSTRAC

Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre.

Benchmark

MSCI All Country World Index, incl. net dividends, measured in AUD.

Bottom-up

An investment strategy in which companies are considered based on their own merit, without regard for the sectors they are part of, or the current economic conditions.

Business Day

A day other than a Saturday or Sunday on which banks are open for general banking business in Sydney, NSW.

Constitution

The document which describes the rights, responsibilities and beneficial interest of both investors and the Responsible Entity in relation to the Trust, as amended from time to time.

Corporations Act

The Australian Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), as amended from time to time.

Currency Hedging

A technique used to offset the risks associated with the changing value of currency.

Custodian and Administrator

BNP Paribas Securities Services (ARBN 149 440 291).

Emerging Markets

Developing countries with relatively low per capita income, often with above-average economic growth potential. Many Latin American, Eastern European and Asian countries are considered Emerging Markets.

IDPS

Investor-Directed Portfolio Service or investor-directed portfolio-like managed investment scheme. An IDPS is generally the vehicle through which an investor purchases a range of underlying investment options from numerous investment managers.

IDPS Operator

An entity that operates and offers an IDPS.

Indirect Investors

Individuals who invest in a Trust through an IDPS.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The value of assets of a particular Trust, less the value of the liabilities of that Trust.

Tracking Error

Tracking error is a measure of the variability of an investment manager’s returns relative to the Benchmark returns.

Retail Client

Persons or entities defined as such under section 761G of the Corporations Act.

US Person

A person so classified under securities or tax law in the United States of America (“US”) including, in broad terms, the following persons:

(a) any citizen of, or natural person resident in, the US, its territories or possessions; or

(b) any corporation or partnership organised or incorporated under any laws of or in the US or of any other jurisdiction if formed by a US Person (other than by accredited investors who are not natural persons, estates or trusts) principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the US Securities Act of 1933; or

(c) any agency or branch of a foreign entity located in the US; or

(d) a pension plan primarily for US employees of a US Person; or

(e) a US collective investment vehicle unless not offered to US Persons; or

(f) any estate of which an executor or administrator is a US Person (unless an executor or administrator of the estate who is not a US Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the estate and such estate is governed by non-US law) and all the estate income is non-US income not liable to US income tax; or

(g) any trust of which any trustee is a US Person (unless a trustee who is a professional fiduciary is a US Person and a trustee who is not a US Person has sole or substantial investment discretion over the assets of the trust and no beneficiary (or settlor, if the trust is revocable) of the trust is a US Person); or

(h) any discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary for the benefit or account of a US Person; or

(i) any non-discretionary account or similar account (other than an estate or trust) held by a dealer or other fiduciary organised, incorporated or (if an individual) resident in the US for the benefit or account of a US Person.

We, us

Refers to Equity Trustees.

Wholesale Client

Persons or entities defined as such under section 761G of the Corporations Act.

Wholesale Investor

In the case of a New Zealand investor, has the meaning given in clause 3(2) of Schedule 1 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (New Zealand).



BNP PARIBAS
ASSET MANAGEMENT

Client Services contact details

Phone

1800 267 726

Enquiries email

amau.clientservice@bnpparibas.com

Transactions email

bnppam.transactions@onevue.com.au

Initial application form

Please use this form if you are a new investor and wish to invest in the trusts listed in section 5 by making an initial application.

1. Read and ensure you understand the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and the Reference Guide.

The PDS and Reference Guide are available at www.bnpparibas-am.com.au. The law prohibits any person passing this Application Form on to another person unless it is accompanied by a complete PDS. We will provide on request and without charge a paper or electronic copy of the current PDS and its incorporated documents.

2. Complete all relevant sections of this application form either:

- **online** - then print and sign in the relevant fields using a black pen; or
- **manually** - please write in BLOCK letters, using a black pen. If you make an error while completing this form, do not use correction fluid. Cross out your mistakes and initial your changes.

Individuals: complete section 1, section 2 and then section 5 onwards.

Companies: complete section 1, section 3 and then section 5 onwards.

Trusts/superannuation funds:

- if you are an individual trustee - complete section 1, section 2 and then section 4 onwards.
- if you are a trust with a company as a trustee – complete section 1 and then section 3 onwards.

3. Certify and provide the identification documents.

Please refer to section 9 'Identification and verification' and complete the relevant identification document attached to this Application Form.

4. Tell us your tax status.

Please complete the Tax Information form attached to this Application form.

5. Send your documents to our UNIT REGISTRY PROVIDER.

You can return your forms by post to:

BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited
GPO Box 804
MELBOURNE VIC 3001

6. Make your payment.

Please refer to section 6 'Payment of application amount'.

Your application cannot be processed until all relevant identification documents and cleared funds are received.

1. DO YOU HAVE AN EXISTING INVESTMENT IN ANY BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT AUSTRALIA LIMITED DISTRIBUTED TRUST FOR WHICH ONEVUE PROVIDES UNIT REGISTRY SERVICES?

No, complete section 2 onwards.

Yes, the account number is Please complete from section 5 onwards.

2. INDIVIDUALS

Please complete if you are investing individually, jointly or you are an individual or joint trustee.

Investor 1 – Personal details

Title Full given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 DD / MM / YYYY

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Postal address (if different to residential address)

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is acceptable.

Sole trader?

No Yes

If you are a sole trader, what is your business name?

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Contact details

Home number (include country and area code)

Business number (include country and area code)

Mobile number (include country code)

Email address

This email address is the default address for all investor correspondence (such as transaction confirmations, statements, reports and other material).

ABN

Tax details — Australian residents

If you are an Australian resident for tax purposes, please provide your tax file number (TFN) or reason for exemption. If you are an Australian resident and do not provide your TFN, or reason for exemption, you will be taxed at the highest marginal tax rate plus the Medicare levy.

TFN

Reason for exemption

Tax details — Non Australian residents

If you are not an Australian resident for tax purposes, please indicate your country of residence for tax purposes.

Investor 2 – Personal details

Title Full given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 DD / MM / YYYY

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Postal address (if different to residential address)

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Contact details

Home number (include country and area code)

Business number (include country and area code)

Mobile number (include country code)

Email address

All correspondence will be sent to the address provided for investor 1.

Tax details — Australian residents

If you are an Australian resident for tax purposes, please provide your Tax File Number (TFN) or reason for exemption. If you are an Australian resident and do not provide your TFN, or reason for exemption, you will be taxed at the highest marginal tax rate plus the Medicare levy.

TFN

Reason for exemption

Tax details — Non Australian residents

If you are not an Australian resident for tax purposes, please indicate your country of residence for tax purposes.

If there are more than two individual investors or trustees, please provide the full name, date of birth, and residential address of each on a separate sheet and attach to this form.

3. COMPANIES

Please complete if you are investing as a company or as a trust with a corporate trustee.

Note: You are also required to complete the relevant Identification Form.

Company details

Full name of company (as registered by ASIC)

ACN or ABN (for foreign companies, provide your Australian Registered Body Number (ARBN) if you have one)

TFN

Country of residency (if a foreign company)

Registered office address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable. If you are a foreign company, write the address of your Australian registered agent (if you have one) or else write your principal place of business.

Name of Australian registered agent (if applicable)

Property name/building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Postal address (if different to above)

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Contact person at company

Name

Home number (include country and area code)

Business number (include country and area code)

Mobile number (include country code)

Email address

This email address is the default address for all investor correspondence (such as transaction confirmations, statements, reports and other material).

4. TRUSTS OR SUPERANNUATION FUNDS

Please complete if you are investing as a trust or superannuation fund. Individuals and non-corporate trustee(s) must also complete sections 2. Corporate trustees must also complete section 3.

Note: You are also required to complete the Identification Form - Trusts and Trustees.

Trust or superannuation fund details

Name of trust or superannuation fund

ABN (applicable if you are a trust or a self-managed superannuation fund registered with the Australian Tax Office)

TFN

5. INVESTMENT DETAILS AND DISTRIBUTION INSTRUCTIONS

Please specify your initial application amount and your distribution choice below. If you do not make an election, distributions will be reinvested.

TRUST NAME	INITIAL MINIMUM INVESTMENT AMOUNT (AUD)	INVESTMENT AMOUNT (AUD)	DISTRIBUTION PREFERENCE (indicate preference with an X)	
			Pay to my bank a/c	Reinvest
Barrow Hanley Global Equity Trust	\$25,000		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
C WorldWide Global Equity Trust	\$25,000		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BNP Paribas Environmental Equity Trust	\$25,000		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Please indicate the source and origin of funds being invested:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> savings | <input type="checkbox"/> inheritance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> investment | <input type="checkbox"/> normal course of business |
| <input type="checkbox"/> superannuation contributions | <input type="checkbox"/> asset sale |
| <input type="checkbox"/> commission | <input type="checkbox"/> other – write the source and origin of funds below: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> donation/gift | <input type="text"/> |

6. PAYMENT OF APPLICATION AMOUNT

All payments must be made in AUD.

EFT

Account name: Equity Trustees Ltd App Trust A/c – BNPP AM
 BSB: 255-000
 Account number: 246674803
 Your reference: [please use the name of the investor]

BSB number Account number

Account name

7. FINANCIAL INSTITUTION ACCOUNT DETAILS

Australian bank account details

Please provide your bank account details if you have selected to take your distribution in cash or wish to provide these details for future redemptions. We will only pay cash proceeds to a bank account in the name(s) of the investor(s). We will not make any payments into third party bank accounts.

Financial institution name

Branch name

8. COMMUNICATION

Automatic online account access

Online access enables you to view details of your investments (account balance, investment details and account statements). We will send you the necessary registration details by post once your application is processed.

9. IDENTIFICATION AND VERIFICATION

Please tick one box only

I have not previously invested in any BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited distributed trust and will complete the relevant investor identification forms located at the end of this application form.

I am an existing investor in a BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited distributed trust and am not required to complete the investor identification forms located at the end of this application form.

10. FINANCIAL ADVISER DETAILS

Use this section to tell us about your financial adviser. If you change your financial adviser, it's important to let us know in a timely way. You can also use this section to authorise us to pay your financial adviser their fees. If you would like your financial adviser to receive copies of your statements by email, please enter their email address below.

Email address

Notice to financial adviser: by completing this section of the application form, you are confirming that you hold a current Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL), or are otherwise authorised to advise on and arrange this product.

Financial adviser details

Dealer group name

Adviser name

AFSL number

Authorised representative number (if any)

Address

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Postal address (if different to above)

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Contact details

Business number (include country and area code)

Mobile number (include country code)

Adviser signature

11. DECLARATIONS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

When you apply to invest, you (the applicant) are telling us:

- you have received, read and understood the current PDS
- monies deposited are not associated with crime, terrorism, money laundering or terrorism financing, nor will monies received from your account have any such association
- you are not bankrupt or a minor
- you agree to be bound by the constitution of the Trust and the PDS as supplemented, replaced or re-issued from time to time
- you consent to the handling of your personal information in accordance with the Privacy Act 1988 and relevant privacy policies.

12. SIGNING INSTRUCTIONS

Who needs to sign this form

Individual — where the investment is in one name, the sole investor must sign.

Joint Holding — where the investment is in more than one name, all investors must sign. If more than two signatures are required, please attach an additional page with the full names of each account holder, their signatures, and date.

Companies — where the company has a sole director who is also the sole company secretary, this form must be signed by that person. If the company (pursuant to section 204A of the Corporations Act 2001) does not have a company secretary, a sole director can also sign alone. Otherwise this form must be signed by a director jointly with either another director or a company secretary. Please indicate the capacity in which the form is signed.

Trust — the trustee(s) must sign this form. Trustee(s) signing on behalf of the trust confirm that the trustee(s) is/are acting in accordance with such designated powers and authority under the trust deed.

Power of Attorney — if signing under a Power of Attorney and you have not already lodged the Power of Attorney document, please attach a certified copy of the Power of Attorney annotated with the following: I/We attest that the Power of Attorney has not been rescinded or revoked and that the person who gave the Power of Attorney is still living.

Signature of investor 1, director or authorised signatory

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)

 / /

Company officer (please indicate company capacity)

- Director
- Sole director and company secretary
- Authorised signatory

Signature of investor 2, director/company secretary or authorised signatory

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)

 / /

Company officer (please indicate company capacity)

- Director
- Company secretary
- Authorised signatory

If you are investing jointly or are a joint trustee, please indicate whether a single investor can operate your account.

- Yes No



Tax information form

Why you need to complete this form

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (**FATCA**) and Common Reporting Standard (**CRS**) are regulatory requirements that aim to deter tax evasion by US and other foreign taxpayers. The Australian and many other foreign Governments (through their tax offices) have an agreement which means we must ask you, and you must answer, these questions. Information we gather is reported to the Australian Taxation Office (**ATO**) and in turn to global tax authorities. For more information, visit ato.gov.au.

If you are unsure of any of the answers, please contact a legal or accounting professional.

Which sections of the form should you complete?

- Superannuation funds, testamentary trusts, registered charities – **Section 1**
- Individuals – **Section 2**
- Companies and other trusts – **Section 3**

What if more than one person is applying?

Each individual investor will need to complete a copy of this form.

HELP

Tell me about tax residence

You can be a resident of more than one country for tax purposes. Whether you are tax resident of a particular country for tax purposes is often based on the amount of time you spend in a country and the location of your residence and/or place of work. If you pay tax or have a tax liability somewhere, you are probably a tax resident there. Dual citizenship often brings dual tax residency. It depends on the country. For the US, tax residency can be as a result of citizenship or residency for tax purposes.

If you're unsure, ask someone who knows, usually your accountant.

SECTION 1 SUPERANNUATION FUNDS AND OTHER SPECIAL TRUSTS

1. Are you a superannuation or other special type of trust?

- I am the trustee of a **regulated superannuation fund**, or this includes a self-managed superannuation fund
- I am a trustee of a **testamentary trust**, or
- I am a trustee of a **registered charity**

HELP

Regulated superannuation fund: means self-managed superannuation funds, APRA regulated superannuation funds, Australian Government or semi-government superannuation funds and pooled super trusts.

Testamentary trust: this is a trustee of a trust set up in a deceased's will.

Where to now?

- I ticked a box ► go to **Section 4 Signatures**
- I did not tick a box ► go to **Section 2** if you are an individual, or **Section 3** if you are a company or another type of trust

SECTION 2 INDIVIDUALS

Do not complete **Section 2** if you are a non-superannuation trustee or you are a company ► complete **Section 3** instead.

2. Are you a US resident for tax purposes?

- No ► go to **question 3**
- Yes – please tell us your TIN ► go to **question 3**

TIN

HELP

What is a TIN?

This is short for **Taxpayer Identification Number**, an identification number issued or used by tax authorities. In Australia, the equivalent is the tax file number (TFN). For the US, it could for example be a US Social Security Number, a US Individual Taxpayer Identification Number or a US Employer Identification Number. In other countries, it may have a different name.

3. Are you a resident of any other country for tax purposes?
Other than the US or Australia.

No ► go to Section 4 Signatures

Yes – please tell us which ones, using the following table.
► then go to Section 4 Signatures

HELP

No TIN? Reasons we accept are:

- #1 This country does not issue TINs
- #2 I have asked for a TIN, but have not yet been given one – you must tell us when received
- #3 The laws of this country do not require me to disclose my TIN
- #4 I have an exemption under the laws of this country from holding a TIN – write a code or give us details

	Country	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP box above
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

SECTION 3 COMPANIES AND NON-SUPERANNUATION TRUSTS

4. Are you a US resident for tax purposes?

No ► go to question 5

Yes – please tell us your TIN ► then go to question 5

TIN

HELP

What is a TIN?

See HELP box on the previous page.

5. Are you a resident of any other country for tax purposes?
Other than the US or Australia.

No ► go to question 6

Yes – please tell us which ones, using the following table.
► then go to question 6

HELP

No TIN? Reasons we accept are:

- #1 This country does not issue TINs
- #2 I have asked for a TIN, but have not yet been given one – you must tell us when received
- #3 The laws of this country do not require me to disclose my TIN
- #4 I have an exemption under the laws of this country from holding a TIN – write a code or give us details

	Country	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP box above
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

6. Are you a 'financial institution'?

Be careful – financial Institution is broadly defined – see HELP box

- Not relevant - I wrote my TIN in question 4 ► go to **question 7**
- No ► go to **question 7**
- Yes – please tell us your GIIN – see HELP box

GIIN

Where to now?

- I ticked YES and completed my GIIN ► go to **question 7**
- I ticked YES but did not write a GIIN – tell us below why you did not write a GIIN ► then go to **question 7**

- Excepted Financial Institution
- Deemed Compliant Financial Institution
- Exempt Beneficial Owner
- Non-participating Financial Institution
- Non-reporting IGA Financial Institution
- Sponsored financial institution – their GIIN is

GIIN

7. Are you a public company listed on a stock exchange?

- No ► go to **question 8**
- Yes ► go to **Section 4 Signatures**

8. Are you 'active' or 'passive'?

- I am an 'active' non financial entity ► go to **Section 4 Signatures**
- I am a 'passive' non financial entity ► go to **question 9**

HELP

What is a GIIN?

This stands for Global Intermediary Identification Number. GIINs are 19 digits long, issued by US tax authorities (the IRS) to non US financial institutions and sponsoring entities for purposes of identifying their registration with the IRS under US tax laws (called FATCA).

HELP

What is a financial institution?

This includes:

- **an investment entity** – any entity that conducts certain activities or operations for or on behalf of a customer, including:
 - 'trading in money market instruments' and other relevant instruments
 - 'individual and collective portfolio management'
 - 'investing, administering, or managing funds or money on behalf of other persons'.

However, any trading, investing, administering or managing of **financial assets** on behalf of other persons must be done **as a business**. Note that **financial assets** does not include direct interests in real property.

An entity is also an investment entity if it is managed by another entity that is an investment entity.

An investment entity is generally only capable of including a trust if the trust's gross income is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in financial assets and the trust is managed by an entity that is a financial institution in its own right or otherwise is primarily conducting a business of trading, investing, managing or administering financial assets on behalf of other persons.

So, as general rules:

- managed investment schemes are investment entities
- trusts with professional corporate trustees (and often professional corporate investment managers) often are investment entities, such as unregistered (wholesale) managed investment schemes
- discretionary family trusts are not usually investment entities, even if they have someone managing the trust's assets for them.

The ATO gives some help in this, and it's worth seeking advice if you are unsure:

ato.gov.au/General/International-tax-agreements/In-detail/International-arrangements/FATCA-detailed-guidance

- **a depository institution**
you accept deposits in the ordinary course of a banking or similar business e.g. a bank
- **a custodial institution**
a substantial portion of your business (20 per cent plus of gross income) is held in financial assets for the account of others e.g. a custodian
- **certain prescribed entities**
e.g. types of insurance companies that have cash value products or annuities.

HELP

What is 'active' and 'passive'?

- If you are answering this question, then relevant tax laws categorise you as a 'non-financial entity'.
- We require less information from active non-financial entities, and more information from passive non-financial entities.
- Please tell us if you are active or passive.
- You are active if you are not passive.
- **Passive:** because our income and assets are mostly passive. During the previous financial year, 50% or more of our gross income was passive income and 50% or more of our assets during that financial year were assets that produced or were held for the production of passive income. Passive assets are assets such as equities and debt securities that produce investment income such as dividends, interests, royalties and annuities.
- **Passive:** because we are not really a business. We are established and operated exclusively for: religious, charitable, scientific, artistic, cultural, athletic, or educational purposes; as a professional organisation, business league, chamber of commerce, labour organisation, agricultural or horticultural organisation, civic league; or as an organisation operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare.
- **Passive:** because we are exempt from Australian income tax.
- Other categories of passive? They exist but are less common.

Get advice if you are unsure.

9. Do you have any 'controlling persons' who are resident of another country for tax purposes?

I am passive, and YES I do have controlling persons who are resident of another country for tax purposes

Complete the **controlling persons details** in the table below

▶ then go to **Section 4 Signatures**.

If there is not enough room in the table, please copy the page and attach it to your completed form.

I am passive, but NO I do not have controlling persons who are resident of another country for tax purposes
It would be unusual to think of no-one. Please read the **HELP** box.
If you're sure ▶ go to **Section 4 Signatures**.

HELP

Controlling persons

- **Controlling persons** are the natural persons who:
 - are residents of another country for tax purposes, and
 - exercise **practical control** over you.
- When thinking about control, start by thinking about the people who have ownership interests:
 - if you are a **company**, think first about shareholders
 - if you are a **discretionary trust**, list the beneficiaries who were paid a distribution this financial year
 - if you are trustee of a **deceased estate**, the executor is usually the person in control
 - if you are **another type of trust** (perhaps a unitised investment trust), think first about the unit holders or beneficiaries, and also consider the role of any 'settlor'.
- For companies, use 25% as a touchstone – if a person holds 25% of more of the issued capital or voting rights, best to list them.
- For trusts (other than discretionary trusts), law requires that you list all beneficiaries, and also requires that you drill down through the chain of control or ownership to find the natural persons that ultimately control the trust.
- Where no natural persons exercise control through ownership, consider who might exercise control through other means – directors and perhaps senior managing officials.

Controlling person

Title Given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

/ /

City and country of birth

Residential address

Number Street name

Suburb/City State

Post code/Zip Country

Controlling person

Title Given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

/ /

City and country of birth

Residential address

Number Street name

Suburb/City State

Post code/Zip Country

	Country of tax residence	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP at questions 3 or 5
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

	Country of tax residence	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP at questions 3 or 5
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

Controlling person

Title Given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

City and country of birth

Residential address

Number Street name

Suburb/City

State

Post code/Zip Country

	Country of tax residence	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP at questions 3 or 5
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

Controlling person

Title Given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

City and country of birth

Residential address

Number Street name

Suburb/City

State

Post code/Zip Country

	Country of tax residence	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP at questions 3 or 5
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

Controlling person

Title Given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

City and country of birth

Residential address

Number Street name

Suburb/City

State

Post code/Zip Country

	Country of tax residence	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP at questions 3 or 5
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

Controlling person

Title Given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

City and country of birth

Residential address

Number Street name

Suburb/City

State

Post code/Zip Country

	Country of tax residence	TIN	No TIN? Which reason? See HELP at questions 3 or 5
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			

SECTION 4 SIGNATURES

Important information

Nothing in this form is advice (and any 'help' is general guidance only). Seek professional advice to be sure of your answers.

It is a condition of investing that you keep your details (including tax details) with us, up to date. We recommend that you review this tax information form at the end of the financial year and update your details if required. You must contact us when you learn new things about the matters in this form. Failing to update us can have tax and other consequences. You can update us by requesting and completing this form again and emailing, faxing or posting it to our Administrator.

By completing and signing this form:

- you represent having read and understood this form
- you represent this form is complete and accurate
- if you have applied for but not received your TIN or GIIN, you undertake to inform us within 30 days of receiving it
- you undertake that if information in this form changes, you will tell us within 30 days.

How to sign

Individual: sign in the left box. If you are investing jointly, you need a separate form for each individual.

Company: two directors, or a director and a secretary sign, or if you are a sole director company, that sole director signs in the left box and a witness in the right box.

Signature

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)

Signature

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)



Instructions: identification forms

Which form?	<p>There are three forms that follow: one each for individuals, companies and trustees.</p> <p>Choose the form that is applicable to you.</p> <p>If you are a partnership, an association, a co-operative or a Government body, then contact us and we will send a more appropriate form to you.</p>
Copies or originals?	<p>This form asks you to send us certain documents. Please send us certified copies, not originals. We will keep what you send to us.</p>
Certifying copies	<p>You must have someone certify the copies you send to us. The following people can be the certifier:</p> <p>You must certify the copies you send to us by one of the following certifiers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a Justice of the Peace • a Notary public (for the purposes of the Statutory Declaration Regulations 1993) • an agent of the Australian Postal Corporation who is in charge of an office supplying postal services to the public • a permanent employee of the Australian Postal Corporation with 2 or more years of continuous service who is employed in an office supplying postal services to the public • an officer with, or authorised representative of, a holder of an Australian financial services licence, having 2 or more continuous years of service with one or more licensees • an officer with 2 or more continuous years of service with one or more financial institutions (for the purposes of the Statutory Declaration Regulations 1993) • a finance company officer with 2 or more continuous years of service with one or more finance companies (for the purposes of the Statutory Declaration Regulations 1993) • a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, CPA Australia or the National Institute of Accountants with 2 or more years of continuous membership • a person who is enrolled on the roll of the Supreme Court of a State or Territory, or the High Court of Australia, as a legal practitioner (however described) • a Judge of a court • a magistrate • a chief executive officer of a Commonwealth court • a registrar or deputy registrar of a court • a Police officer • an Australian consular officer or an Australian diplomatic officer (within the meaning of the Consular FeesAct 1955).
What should the person certifying write?	<p>"I [name] of [address] being [capacity e.g. Justice of the Peace] certify this and the following [x] pages as a true copy of the original document." Each page should be initialed by the person certifying your documents.</p>
Not in English?	<p>Documents not in English must be accompanied by an English translation prepared by an accredited translator. Contact us if you need guidance on accredited translators.</p>



BNP PARIBAS
ASSET MANAGEMENT

Client Services contact details

Phone

1800 267 726

Enquiries email

amau.clientservice@bnpparibas.com

Transactions email

bnppam.transactions@onevue.com.au

Identification form – Individuals

Please complete this form if you have not previously invested in a BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited distributed trust. A separate form is required for each investor in the case of joint holdings. If you make an error while completing this form, do not use correction fluid. Cross out your mistakes and initial your changes.

If you are a trustee, do NOT complete this form. Complete the Identification form – Trusts and Trustees instead.

1. Please complete this identification form in block letters and using a black pen.
2. Make copies of your ID document(s) and arrange for them to be certified. Please refer to the 'Instructions' page for more information on getting your documents certified.
3. Include this identification form and certified copies of your ID documents with your initial application form when you send it to us.

1. PERSONAL DETAILS

Title Full given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Usual occupation

Please indicate the source and origin of funds being invested:

- savings
- investment
- superannuation contributions
- commission
- donation/gift
- inheritance
- normal course of business
- asset sale
- other – write the source and origin of funds below

2. VERIFICATION PROCEDURE – INDIVIDUAL INVESTOR

Please provide a certified copy of one document from Group 1 or if you can't, a certified copy of two documents from Group 2 for each individual applicant.

Group 1

Provide a certified copy of one of these:

- Australian driver's licence**
showing your photo, and please copy the front and back **OR**
- foreign driver's licence**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo **OR**
- Australian passport**
a passport that has expired within the preceding two years is acceptable, and please copy the pages which identify you **OR**
- foreign passport**
showing your signature and photo, and please copy the pages which identify you **OR**
- Australian State or Territory Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo **OR**
- foreign Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo.

Group 2

If you can't provide anything from Group 1, then provide a certified copy of one of the following:

- Australian or foreign government issued birth certificate **OR**
 - Australian or foreign government issued citizenship certificate
- OR**
- Centrelink pension or health card
please copy the front and back.

PLUS provide a certified copy of one of the following:

- a Government issued notice**
one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old **OR**
- a rates or utilities notice**
one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 3 months old **OR**
- ATO notice**
one which shows any debt owing to the ATO, your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old.

3. SIGNATURE

Signature

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)



BNP PARIBAS
ASSET MANAGEMENT

Client Services contact details

Phone

1800 267 726

Enquiries email

amau.clientservice@bnpparibas.com

Transactions email

bnppam.transactions@onevue.com.au

Identification form – Australian and foreign companies

Please complete this form if you are a company investing for the first time with a BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited distributed trust. If you make an error while completing this form, do not use correction fluid. Cross out your mistakes and initial your changes.

If you are a trustee, do NOT complete this form. Complete the Identification form – Trusts and Trustees instead.

1. Please complete this identification form in block letters and using a black pen.
2. Make copies of your ID document(s) and arrange for them to be certified. Please refer to the 'Instructions' page for more information on getting your documents certified.
3. Include this identification form and certified copies of your ID documents with your initial application form when you send it to us.

1. COMPANY DETAILS

1.1. General information

Full name of company

Nature of business

Please indicate the source and origin of funds being invested:

- savings
- investment
- superannuation contributions
- commission
- donation/gift
- inheritance
- normal course of business
- asset sale
- other – write the source and origin of funds below

1.2. Australian companies

Principal place of business (if different to registered office address).

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Please provide us with certified copies of the following:

- an ASIC search OR
- a certificate of registration issued by ASIC

1.3. Foreign companies

Country of formation

Registered in Australia?

- No Yes – what is the ARBN

Registered in country of formation?

- No Yes – name of regulator/exchange

Identification number issued by foreign registration body

If you are a foreign company registered in Australia write your principal place of business in Australia or the full name and address of your Australian agent.

If you are a foreign company not registered in Australia write your registered business address in country of formation or principal place of business if there is not a registered address.

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country (if not Australia)

Please provide us with certified copies of one of the following:

- an ASIC or foreign regulator search OR
- an ASIC or foreign regulator certificate of registration.

2. COMPANY TYPE

Please complete the section below for public companies (section 2.1) or private companies (section 2.2) (as applicable).

2.1. Public company

Are you a public company?

- No Yes

If yes, please proceed to section 3.

2.2. Private company

Are you a private company?

- No Yes

If yes, please complete the director details section below if you are a private Australian company or a private foreign company. Do not complete for public companies.

Director details

How many directors are there?

Provide the full name of each director

Director 1

Title Full given names

Surname

Director 2

Title Full given names

Surname

Director 3

Title Full given names

Surname

Director 4

Title Full given names

Surname

If there are more directors, please provide their name on a separate sheet and attach to this form.

3. REGULATED/LISTED COMPANIES**Are you an Australian listed company?**

No Yes – please provide name of market/exchange

Market/exchange

Are you a majority-owned subsidiary of an Australian listed company?

No Yes – please provide name of listed company and market/exchange

Company

Market/Exchange

Are you a regulated company?

One that which is licensed by an Australian Commonwealth, State or Territory statutory regulator.

No Yes – please provide details of the regulator and license number

Regulator

Licence number

If you answered yes to any of these questions, please provide us with a certified copy of one of the following and sign the form at the end. For you, this form is then complete.

- an ASIC search OR
- a search of the licence or other records of the relevant regulator OR
- a public document issued by the company OR
- a search of the relevant market/exchange

4. NON-REGULATED/NON-LISTED COMPANIES

If you answered no to all the questions in section 3, please fill in the sections 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 below.

4.1. Beneficial owner details

Provide details of all beneficial owners who are individuals who, through one or more shareholdings, ultimately own 25% or more of the company's issued capital or who control (whether directly or indirectly) the company and either the date of birth or full residential address of each beneficial owner.

HELP

Control: includes control as a result of, or by means of, trusts, agreements, arrangements, understandings and practices, whether or not having legal or equitable force and whether or not based on legal or equitable rights, and includes exercising control through the capacity to determine decisions about financial and operating policies.

Beneficial owner 1

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address/Registered office address.

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Beneficial owner 2

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address/Registered office address.

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Beneficial owner 3

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address/Registered office address.

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Beneficial owner 4

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Usual occupation/Nature of business

Residential address/Registered office address.

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Verification procedure - beneficial owners

Please provide a certified copy of one document from Group 1 or if you can't, a certified copy of two documents from Group 2 for each individual applicant.

Group 1

Provide a certified copy of one of these:

- Australian driver's licence**
showing your photo, and please copy the front and back OR
- foreign driver's licence**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo OR
- Australian passport**
a passport that has expired within the preceding two years is acceptable, and please copy the pages which identify you OR
- foreign passport**
showing your signature and photo, and please copy the pages which identify you OR
- Australian State or Territory Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo OR
- foreign Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo.

Group 2

If you can't provide anything from Group 1, then provide a certified copy of one of the following:

- Australian or foreign government issued birth certificate** OR
- Australian or foreign government issued citizenship certificate** OR
- Centrelink pension or health card**
please copy the front and back.

PLUS provide a certified copy of one of the following:

- a Government issued notice**
one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old **OR**
- a rates or utilities notice**
one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 3 months old **OR**
- ATO notice**
one which shows any debt owing to the ATO, your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old.

For each corporate beneficial owner please provide:

- a completed Identification form – Australian and Foreign companies, plus any relevant identification.

4.2. Voting rights

If there are any other individuals, who have not been listed above in section 4.1, and who are entitled, either directly or indirectly, to exercise 25% or more of the company's voting rights, please provide their name, date of birth, and residential address on a separate sheet and attach to this form.

4.3. Senior Managing Official details

If the company does not have any beneficial owners, please provide the details of the Senior Managing Official (or equivalent).

Title Full given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Company title

Residential address/Registered office address
A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

HELP
Senior managing official: an individual who makes, or participates in making, decisions that affect the whole, or a substantial part of the company, or that may significantly affect the company's financial standing.

Verification procedure - senior managing official details

If you are unable to provide details of the beneficial owners in 4.1 above, please provide documentation showing the name of the senior managing official, as provided in this section 4.3.

5. SIGNING INSTRUCTIONS

Where the company has a sole director who is also the sole company secretary, this form must be signed by that person. If the company (pursuant to section 204A of the Corporations Act 2001) does not have a company secretary, a sole director can also sign alone. Otherwise this form must be signed by a director jointly with either another director or a company secretary. Please indicate the capacity in which the form is signed.

Signature of director 1

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Company officer (please indicate company capacity)
 Director
 Sole director and company secretary

Signature of director 2/company secretary

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Company officer (please indicate company capacity)
 Director
 Company secretary



BNP PARIBAS
ASSET MANAGEMENT

Client Services contact details

Phone

1800 267 726

Enquiries email

amau.clientservice@bnpparibas.com

Transactions email

bnppam.transactions@onevue.com.au

Identification form – Trusts and Trustees

Please complete this form if you have not previously invested in a BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Australia Limited distributed trust. If you make an error while completing this form, do not use correction fluid. Cross out your mistakes and initial your changes.

1. Please complete this identification form in block letters and using a black pen.
2. Make copies of your ID document(s) and arrange for them to be certified. Please refer to the 'Instructions' page for more information on getting your documents certified.
3. Include this identification form and certified copies of your ID documents with your initial application form when you send it to us.

1. TRUST DETAILS

Full name of trust

Business name (if any)

Country in that the trust was established

Please indicate the source and origin of funds being invested:

savings

investment

superannuation contributions

commission

donation/gift

inheritance

normal course of business

asset sale

other – write the source and origin of funds below

2. TYPE OF TRUST

2.1. Regulated trusts

This includes complying superannuation funds and SMSFs

Superannuation fund - or another type of trust registered and regulated by an Australian Commonwealth statutory regulator

No Yes

If yes, please tell us:

The trust's ABN

The regulator if not APRA or the ATO

Any licence number

Registered managed investment scheme

No Yes

If yes, please tell us the ARSN

Government superannuation fund

No Yes

If yes, please tell us the name of the Act that regulates the trust

If you answered yes to any of these questions, then please provide a certified copy of one of the following:

superannuation funds

go to www.abn.business.gov.au, select the 'Super Fund Lookup' option and print out the results for your superannuation fund
OR

registered managed investment schemes

an ASIC search of the scheme **OR**

Government superannuation funds

an extract of the establishing legislation.

2.2. Non-regulated trusts

Including family discretionary trusts, family and other unit trusts, deceased estates and charitable trusts (but not including self managed superannuation funds)

Is the trust a non-regulated trust?

No Yes

If yes, please specify the type of trust

Please provide full name, address and date of birth of all beneficial owners who are individuals who own 25% or more of the trust income or assets or who control (whether directly or indirectly) the trust and either the date of birth or full residential address of each beneficial owner:

HELP

Control: includes control as a result of, or by means of, trusts, agreements, arrangements, understandings and practices, whether or not having legal or equitable force and whether or not based on legal or equitable rights, and includes exercising control through the capacity to determine decisions about financial and operating policies.

Beneficial owner 1

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Usual occupation/Nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Beneficial owner 2

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Beneficial owner 3

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Beneficial owner 4

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

Please provide the name of all beneficiaries that are not beneficial owners.

If the trust deed describes the beneficiaries by reference to member of a class please provide details of, the class to which the beneficiaries belong e.g. family members, unit holders, un-named charities on a separate sheet and attach to this form.

Beneficiary 1

Title Full given names

Surname

Beneficiary 2

Title Full given names

Surname

Beneficiary 3

Title Full given names

Surname

Beneficiary 4

Title Full given names

Surname

Please provide the name of the **appointor** of the trust, if applicable

HELP
Appointor: the appointor has the power to appoint or remove the trustees of the trust. Not all trusts have an appointor.

Name of trust **settlor**

HELP
Settlor: this is the person that creates the trust. The settlor may be, for example, your accountant or solicitor.

Note: you do not need to provide the name of the trust settlor if they are deceased, or the material asset at the time the trust was established was less than \$10,000.

If you are a non-regulated trust, please provide us with certified copies of one of the following:

- Trust deed**
or an extract of the trust deed showing the full name of the trust and any named trust settlor
- Other documentation**
confirming the full name of the trust and the name of the trust settlor

3. TRUSTEE DETAILS

3.1 Verification procedure – individual trustee

Title Full given names

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
 / /

Usual occupation

Please provide a certified copy of one document from Group 1 or if you can't, a certified copy of two documents from Group 2 for each individual applicant.

Group 1

Provide a certified copy of one of these:

- Australian driver's licence**
showing your photo, and please copy the front and back **OR**
- foreign driver's licence**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo **OR**
- Australian passport**
a passport that has expired within the preceding two years is acceptable, and please copy the pages which identify you **OR**
- foreign passport**
showing your signature and photo, and please copy the pages which identify you **OR**
- Australian State or Territory Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo **OR**
- foreign Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo.

Group 2

If you can't provide anything from Group 1, then provide a certified copy of one of the following:

- Australian or foreign government issued birth certificate** **OR**
- Australian or foreign government issued citizenship certificate** **OR**
- Centrelink pension or health card**
please copy the front and back.

PLUS provide a certified copy of one of the following:

- a Government issued notice**
one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old **OR**
- a rates or utilities notice**
one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 3 months old **OR**

- ATO notice**
one which shows any debt owing to the ATO, your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old.

For each corporate beneficial owner please provide:

- a completed Identification form – Australian and Foreign companies, plus any relevant identification.

3.2 Verification procedure – company trustees

3.2.1 General information

Full name of company trustee

Nature of business

ACN

3.2.2 Australian company trustee

Place of business (if different to registered office address)

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb State

Post code Country

3.2.3 Foreign company trustee

Country of formation

Registered in Australia?

- No Yes

If yes, please provide the ARBN

Registered in that country?

- No Yes

If yes, please provide the name of regulator/exchange

Identification number issued by foreign registration body

Registered business address in country of formation.

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country (if not Australia)

Please provide us with certified copies of one of the following:

an ASIC or foreign regulator search OR

an ASIC or foreign regulator certificate of registration.

3.2.4 Company type

Please complete the section below for public companies (3.2.4 (a)) or private companies (section 3.2.4 (b)) (as applicable).

3.2.4 (a) Public company

Are you a public company?

No Yes

If yes, please proceed to section 3.2.5

3.2.4 (b) Private company

Are you a private company?

No Yes

If yes, please complete the director details section below if you are a private Australian company or a private foreign company. Do not complete for public companies.

Director details

How many directors are there?

Provide the full name of each director

Director 1

Title Full given names

Surname

Director 2

Title Full given names

Surname

Director 3

Title Full given names

Surname

Director 4

Title Full given names

Surname

If there are more directors, please provide their name on a separate sheet and attach to this form.

3.2.5 Regulated/Listed companies

Are you an Australian listed company?

No Yes – please provide name of market/exchange

Market/Exchange

Are you a majority-owned subsidiary of an Australian listed company?

No Yes – please provide name of listed company and market/exchange

Company

Market/Exchange

Are you a regulated company?

One which is licensed by an Australian Commonwealth, State or Territory statutory regulator.

No Yes – please provide details of the regulator and licence number

Regulator

Licence number

If you answered yes to any of these questions, please provide us with a certified copy of one of the following and sign the form at the end. For you, this form is then complete.

an ASIC search OR

a search of the licence or other records of the relevant regulator OR

a public document issued by the company OR

a search of the relevant market/exchange

3.2.6 Non-regulated/Non-listed companies

If you answered no to all the questions in section 3.2.5, please fill in the sections 3.2.6 (a), (b) and (c) below.

3.2.6 (a) Beneficial owner details

Provide details of all beneficial owners (i.e. company shareholders) who, through one of more shareholdings, own 25% or more of the company's issued capital.

Beneficial owner 1

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Usual occupation/Nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Beneficial owner 2

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Beneficial owner 3

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Beneficial owner 4

Title Full given names

Surname/Company name

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Usual occupation/nature of business

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit

Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

Verification procedure - beneficial owners

Please provide a certified copy of one document from Group 1 or if you can't, a certified copy of two documents from Group 2 for each individual applicant.

Group 1

Provide a certified copy of one of these:

- Australian driver's licence**
showing your photo, and please copy the front and back OR
- foreign driver's licence**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo OR
- Australian passport**
a passport that has expired within the preceding two years is acceptable, and please copy the pages which identify you OR
- foreign passport**
showing your signature and photo, and please copy the pages which identify you OR
- Australian State or Territory Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo OR
- foreign Government issued ID card**
showing your date of birth, signature and photo.

Group 2

If you can't provide anything from Group 1, then provide a certified copy of one of the following:

- Australian or foreign government issued birth certificate** OR
 - Australian or foreign government issued citizenship certificate**
- OR
- Centrelink pension or health card**
please copy the front and back.

PLUS provide a certified copy of one of the following:

a Government issued notice

one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old OR

a rates or utilities notice

one which shows your name and residential address, not more than 3 months old OR

ATO notice

one which shows any debt owing to the ATO, your name and residential address, not more than 12 months old.

For each corporate beneficial owner please provide:

a completed Identification form – Australian and Foreign companies, plus any relevant identification.

3.2.6 (b) Voting rights

If there are any other individuals, who have not been listed above in section 3.2.6 (a), and who are entitled, either directly or indirectly, to exercise 25% or more of the company's voting rights, please write down their full names on a piece of paper and attach to this form.

3.2.6 (c) Senior Managing Official details

If the company does not have any beneficial owners, please provide the details of the Senior Managing Official (or equivalent).

Title Full given names/company name

Surname

Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)

Nature of business

Company title

Residential address

A PO Box/RMB/Locked Bag is not acceptable.

Property/Building name (if applicable)

Unit Street number

Street name

Suburb

State

Post code

Country

HELP

Senior managing official: an individual who makes, or participates in making, decisions that affect the whole, or a substantial part of the company, or that may significantly affect the company's financial standing.

Verification procedure - senior managing official details

If you are unable to provide details of beneficial owners in 3.2.6 (a) above, please provide documentation showing the name of the senior managing official, as provided in this section 3.2.6 (c).

4. SIGNING INSTRUCTIONS

Who needs to sign this form

Individual Trustee – where the investment has one individual trustee, the trustee must sign.

Multiple trustees – where the investment has more than one individual trustee, all trustees must sign.

Corporate trustee – where the company has a sole director who is also the sole company secretary, this form must be signed by that person. If the company (pursuant to section 204A of the Corporations Act 2001) does not have a company secretary, a sole director can also sign alone. Otherwise this form must be signed by a director jointly with either another director or a company secretary. Please indicate the capacity in which the form is signed.

Trust – the trustee(s) must sign this form. Trustee(s) signing on behalf of the trust confirm that the trustee(s) is/are acting in accordance with such designated powers and authority under the trust deed.

Power of Attorney – if signing under a Power of Attorney and you have not already lodged the Power of Attorney with us, please attach a certified copy of the Power of Attorney. I/We attest that the Power of Attorney has not been rescinded or revoked and that the person who gave the Power of Attorney is still living.

Signature of trustee 1, director or authorised signatory

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)

Company officer (please indicate company capacity)

- Director
 Sole director and company secretary
 Authorised signatory

Signature of trustee 2, director/company secretary or authorised signatory

Please print full name

Date (DD/MM/YYYY)

Company officer (please indicate company capacity)

- Director
 Company secretary
 Authorised signatory