# THE IMPORTANCE OF GOVERNANCE

Governance is crucial to our investment approach.

As long-term investors, we view a company's corporate governance arrangements and the quality of its senior management as important factors in all our investment decisions. Transparency with regard to accountability and disclosure, and trust in the competence and judgement of management are prerequisites for building the long-term relationships we seek with the companies we invest in. At the same time, we regard these criteria as critical for the long-term operating and financial performance of a company. This is reflected in the weighting we give to corporate governance in the ESG weighting matrix we use as an overlay for all our investments.

## Engagement is pivotal to our active approach to asset management.

When we make a decision to invest in a company, we are looking not only at the attractive features we see in it today but also at how we can engage with management over time to help drive continual improvements in its operating, financial and sustainability performance. As we view governance to be crucial to a company's performance across all three of these areas, regular and frequent engagement with management on governance issues – transparency, disclosure, accountability, remuneration and diversity – is a high priority.

### COMPONENTS OF SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT

#### 1. ESG INTEGRATION

At the core of all our investment processes, analysts and portfolio managers integrate a consideration of relevant ESG factors into their company, asset and sovereign evaluation and investment decisionmaking processes. As reflected in our investment beliefs, this process allows them to identify and assess areas of risk or opportunity which may not be understood by all market participants, and which provide them with a relative advantage. The process to integrate and embed ESG factors is guided by formal ESG Integration Guidelines and overseen by an ESG Validation Committee. Our goal is that by 2020, every investment process - and by definition, every investment strategy - will have been reviewed and approved by this Committee. Further information is available in our ESG Integration Guidelines and Policy.

## 2. STEWARDSHIP

BNPP AM is an active owner. We are thoughtful and diligent investors in companies, and have detailed proxy-voting guidelines on a range of ESG issues. We believe that meaningful engagement with issuers can enhance our investment processes and better enable us to successfully manage long-term risk for our clients.

Our portfolio managers and experts in our Sustainability Centre are in regular contact with investee companies, emphasising long-term value creation. In addition, we aim to meet country representatives more often to discuss national climate change commitments and policies, as well as a wider range of ESG considerations.

We collaborate closely with our peers and civil society organisations to formulate and communicate our vision to make a positive difference to people's futures, for example through our participation in the Climate Action 100+ initiative (see next page, where we outline the priority elements of our Stewardship Strategy).

# 3. RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS CONDUCT EXPECTATIONS AND PRODUCT-BASED EXCLUSIONS

We expect companies to meet their fundamental obligations in the areas of human and labour rights, protecting the environment and ensuring anti-corruption safeguards, wherever they operate, in line with the UN Global Compact Principles. We engage with companies where they fall short, and exclude the worst offenders.

We also have a series of sector policies that set out the conditions for investing in particular sectors, and guide our screening requirements and engagement. BNP Paribas Asset Management is the source for all data in this document as of March 2019, unless otherwise specified.

Investments are subject to market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investments in securities.

The value of investments and the income they generate may go down as well as up and it is possible that investors will not recover their initial outlay.

This material has been prepared by BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France. It is issued by BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Asia Limited with its registered office at 17/F Taikoo Place, 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong and BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Singapore Limited with its registered office at 20 Collyer Quay, #01-01, 20 Collyer Quay, Singapore 049319 - Company Registration No. 199308471D (the "Companies"). This material has not been reviewed by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission or the Monetary Authority of Singapore. This material is produced for information purposes only and does not constitute:

1. an offer to buy nor a solicitation to sell, nor shall it form the basis of or be relied upon in connection with any contract or commitment whatsoever or 2. investment advice.

Opinions included in this material constitute the judgement of the Companies at the time specified and may be subject to change without notice. The Companies are not obliged to update or alter the information or opinions contained within this material. While all efforts are taken to ensure the accuracy of the information and data included in this material, no warranty is given and no liability shall be accepted in the event of any error, inaccuracy or discrepancy of such information and data. Investors should consult their own legal and tax advisors in respect of legal, accounting, domicile and tax advice prior to investing in the financial instrument(s) in order to make an independent determination of the suitability and consequences of an investment therein, if permitted. Please note that different types of investments, if contained within this material, involve varying degrees of risk and there can be no assurance that any specific investment may either be suitable, appropriate or profitable for an investor's investment portfolio.

Investments involve risks. Given the economic and market risks, there can be no assurance that the financial instrument(s) will achieve its/their investment objectives. Returns may be affected by investment strategies or objectives, markets and economic conditions. The different strategies applied to the financial instruments may have a significant effect on the results portrayed in this material.

Past performance and any economic and market trends/forecasts are not a guide to current or future performance and the value of an investment may go down as well as up. Investors may not get back the amount they originally invested.











